YO-YO

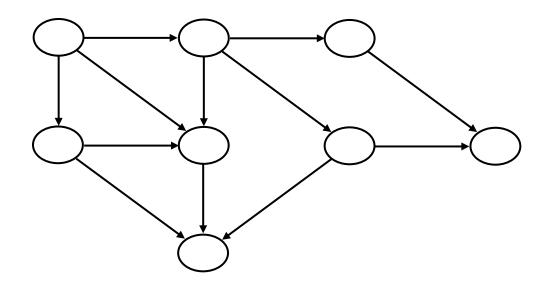


Election in arbitrary graphs: simple but not optimal

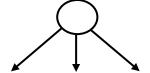
Yo-Yo

DAG =

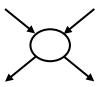
Directed Acyclic Graph



SOURCE:



INTERNAL NODE:

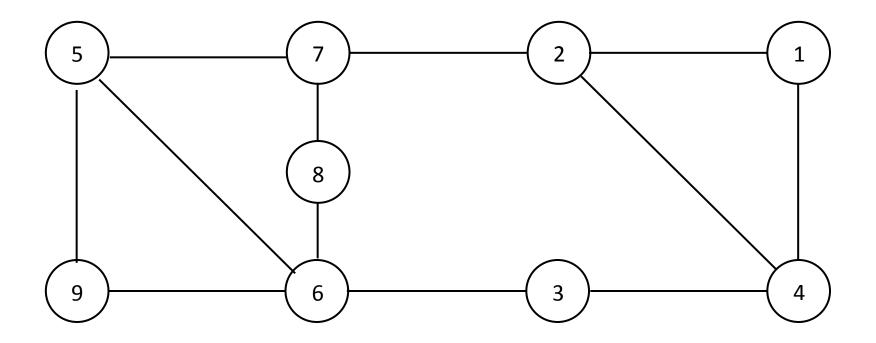


SINK:



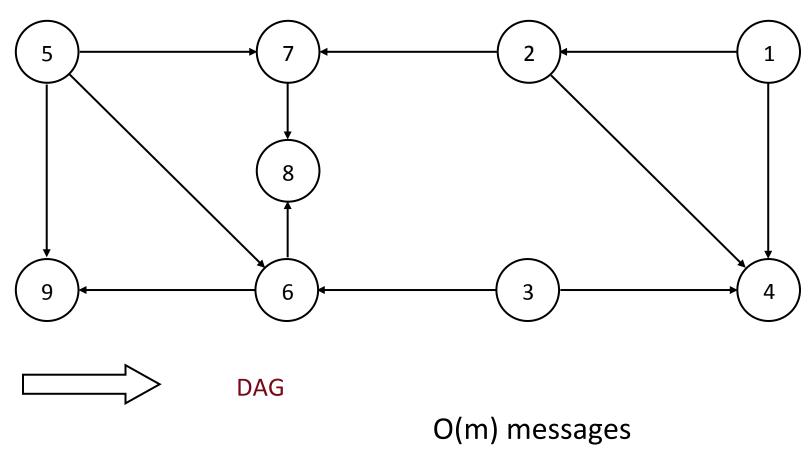
Initialization phase

Given an arbitrary undirected graph

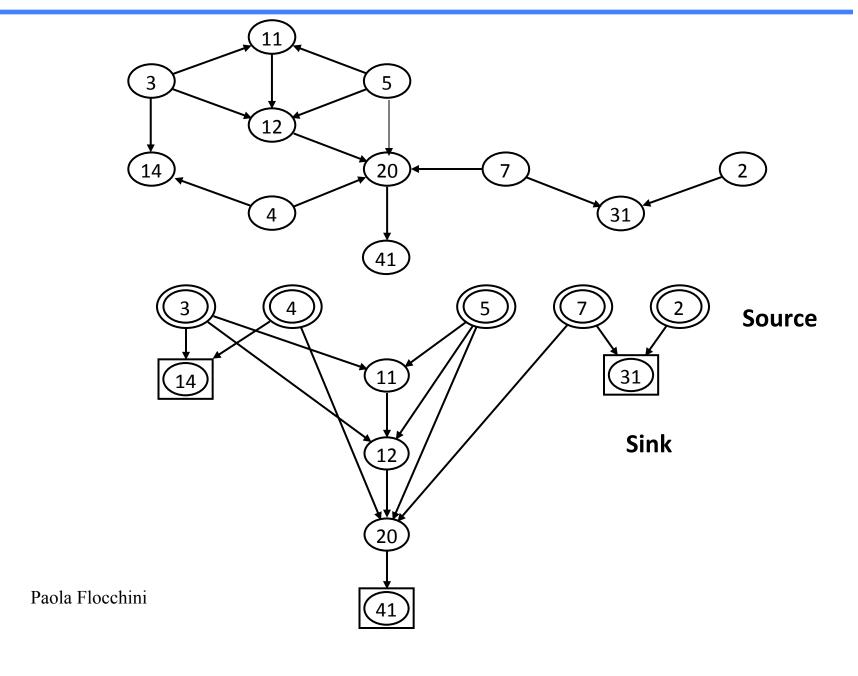


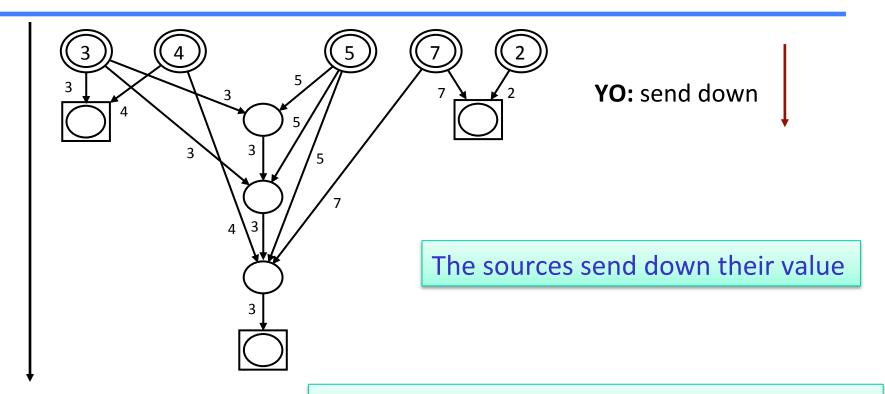
Initialization phase

Given an arbitrary undirected graph, smaller entities are directed towards bigger (by exchanging messages with neighbours)

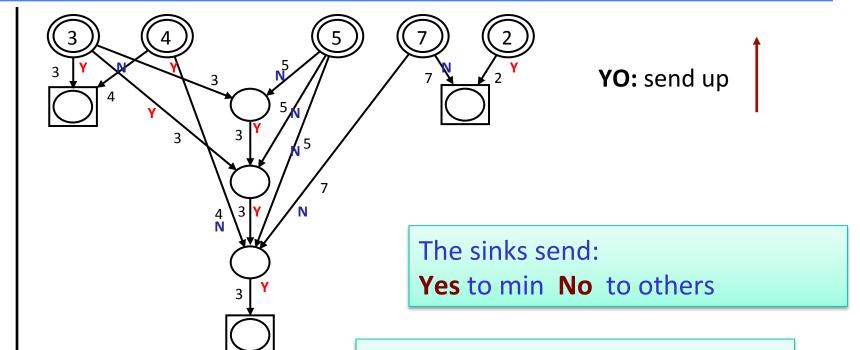


DAG





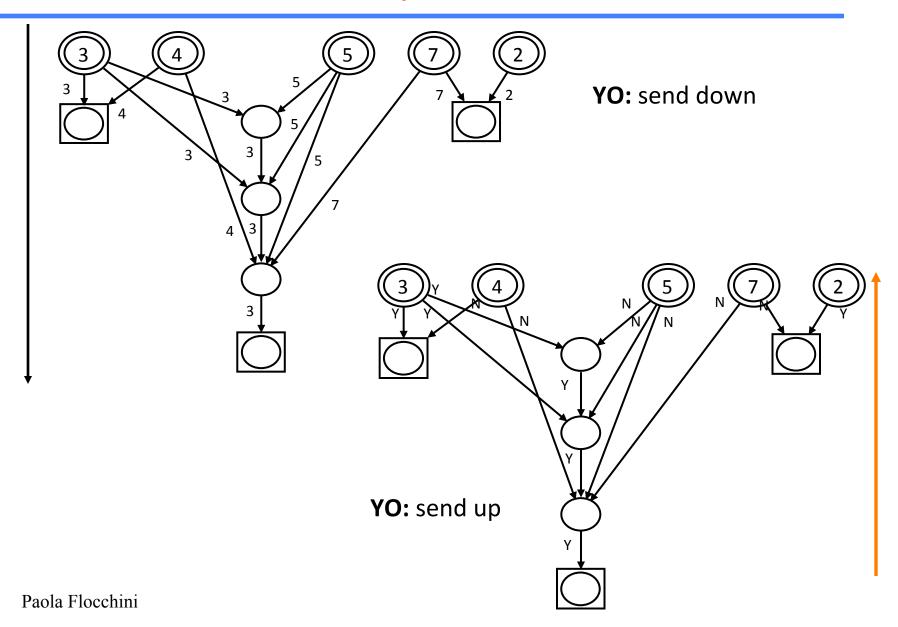
Internal node receiving from all in-neighbours Send min received to all out-neighbours

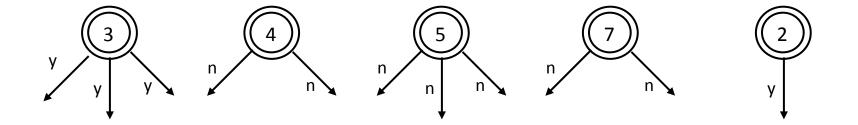


Internal node receiving **only YES** from out-neighbors:

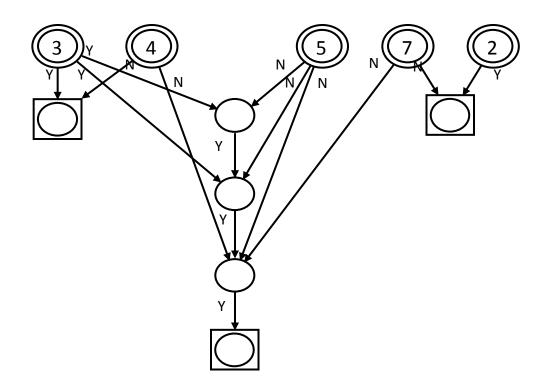
Send **Yes** to min **No** to other in-neighbours

Internal node receiving at least a NO: Send No to all in-neighbours

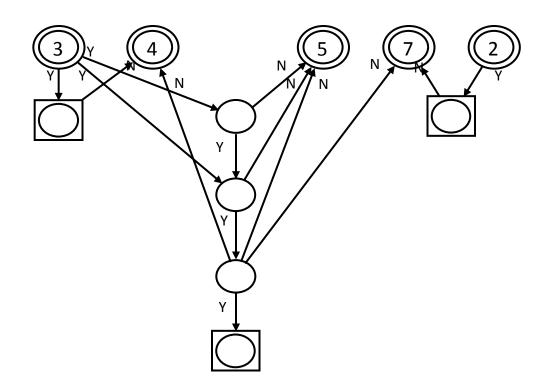




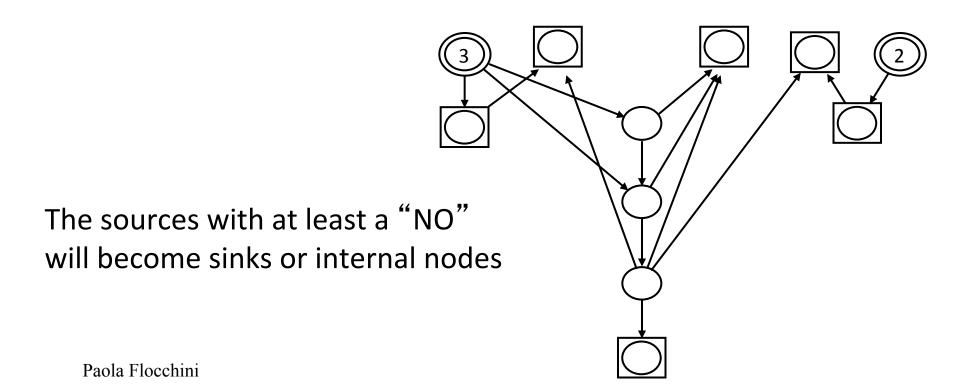
The direction of the links with "NO" will be flipped



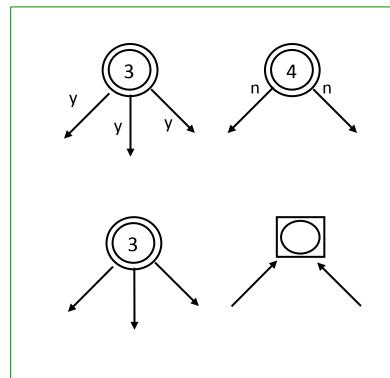
The direction of the links with "NO" will be flipped



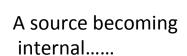
The direction of the links with "NO" will be flipped

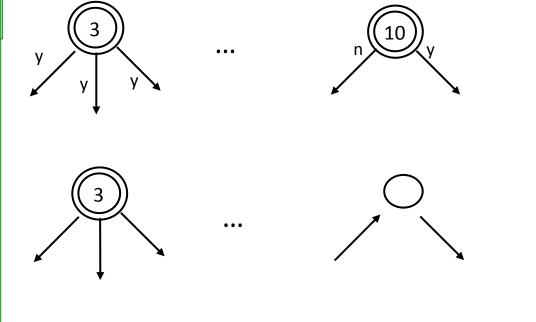


In our example a source becomes a sink

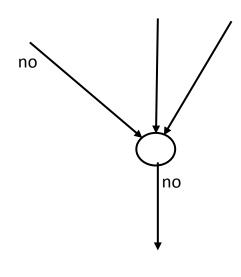


1. At each step at least a source becomes either a sink, or internal

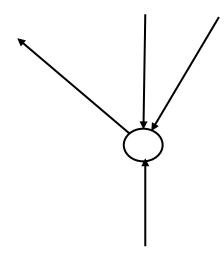




2. An internal node cannot become source after the flipping



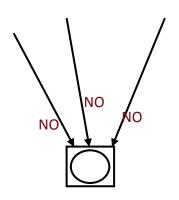
To change state there must be some flipping: so at least a "no" must be received and propagated



But then the node cannot have only outgoing links ...

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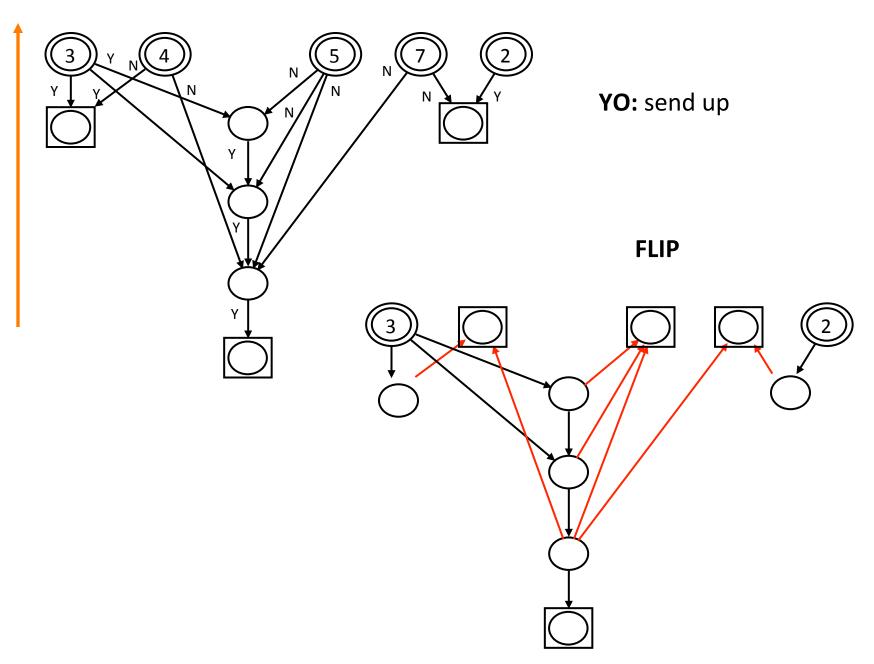
3. A sink cannot become source after the flipping

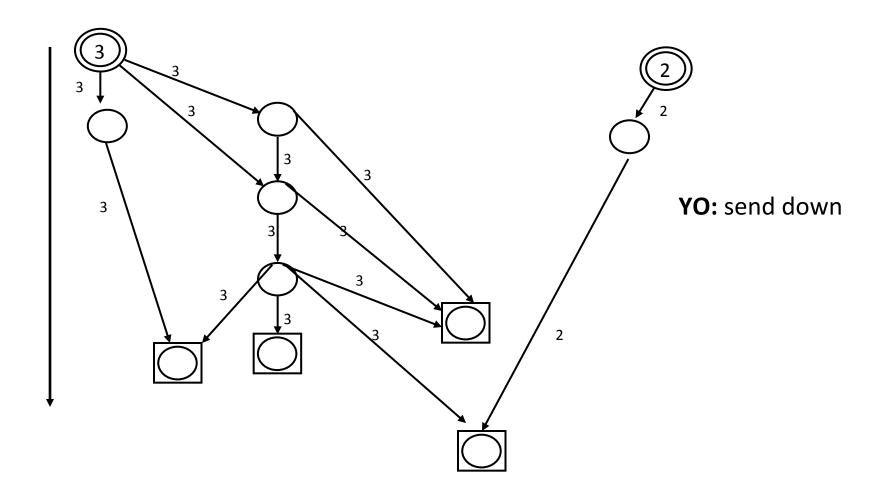


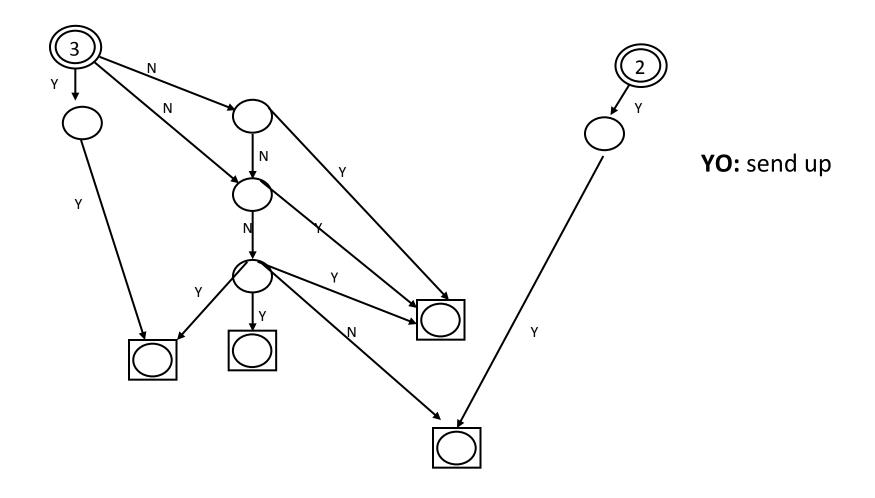
To become source, it would have to flip ALL its links, but this would mean sending NO to all nodes, which is impossible

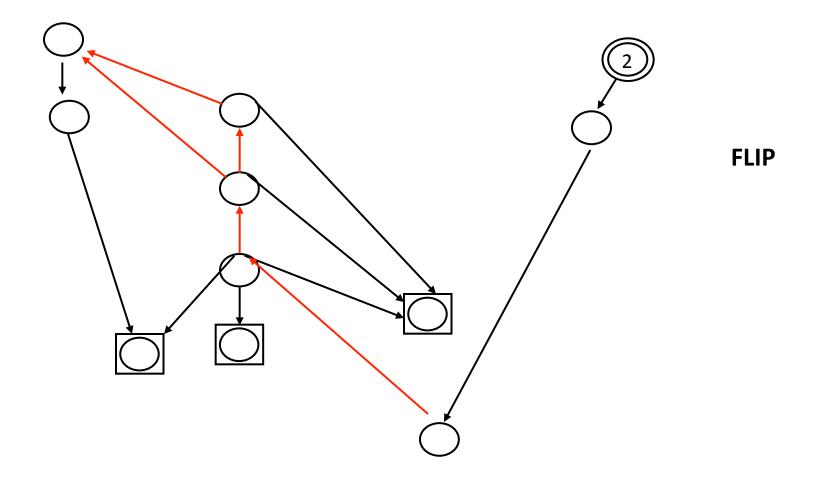
From 1. 2. and 3.:

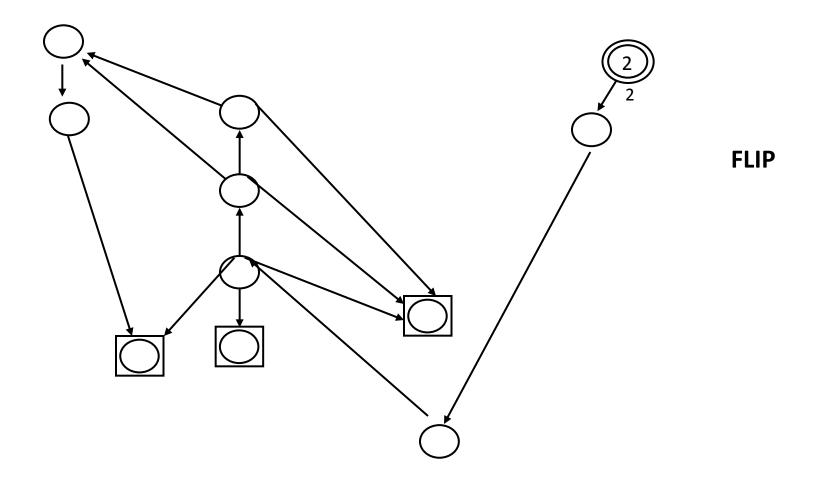
The number of sources is reduced monotonically









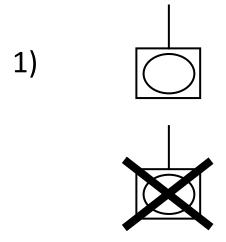


Termination

?

PRUNING

Pruning Rules

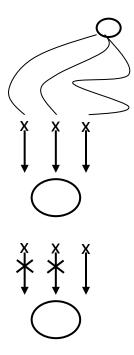


The sinks with one incoming link can be eliminated

(The decision of a sink is the same as the one of the parent)

Pruning Rules

2)

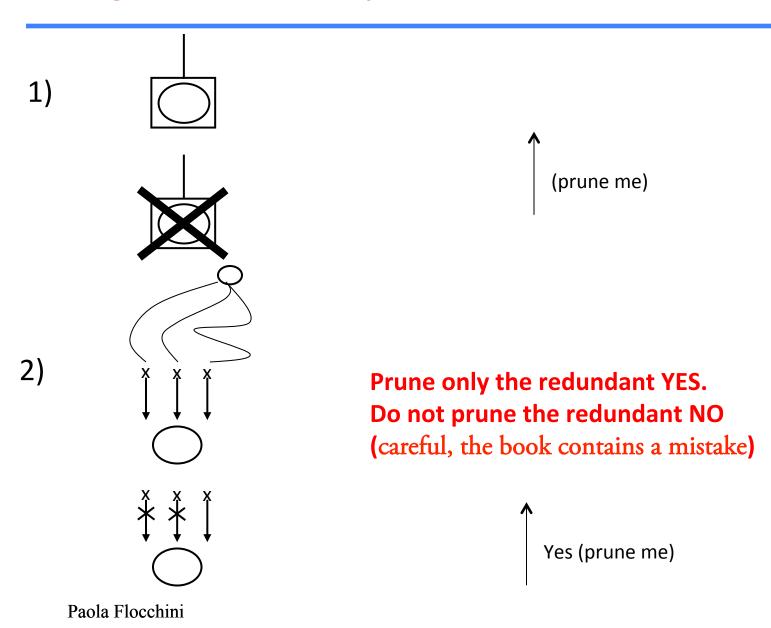


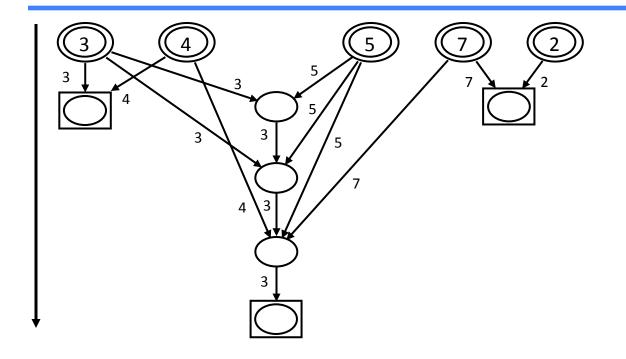
Nodes that receive several identical minimal values:

All the links with the same value can be eliminated except one (They come from the same source - the decision is the same)

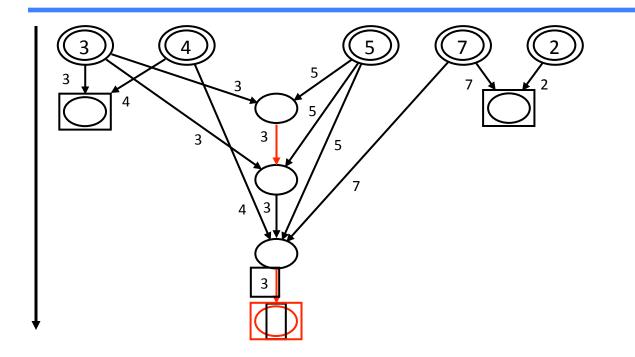
redundancy

Pruning Rules: in the Yo-up



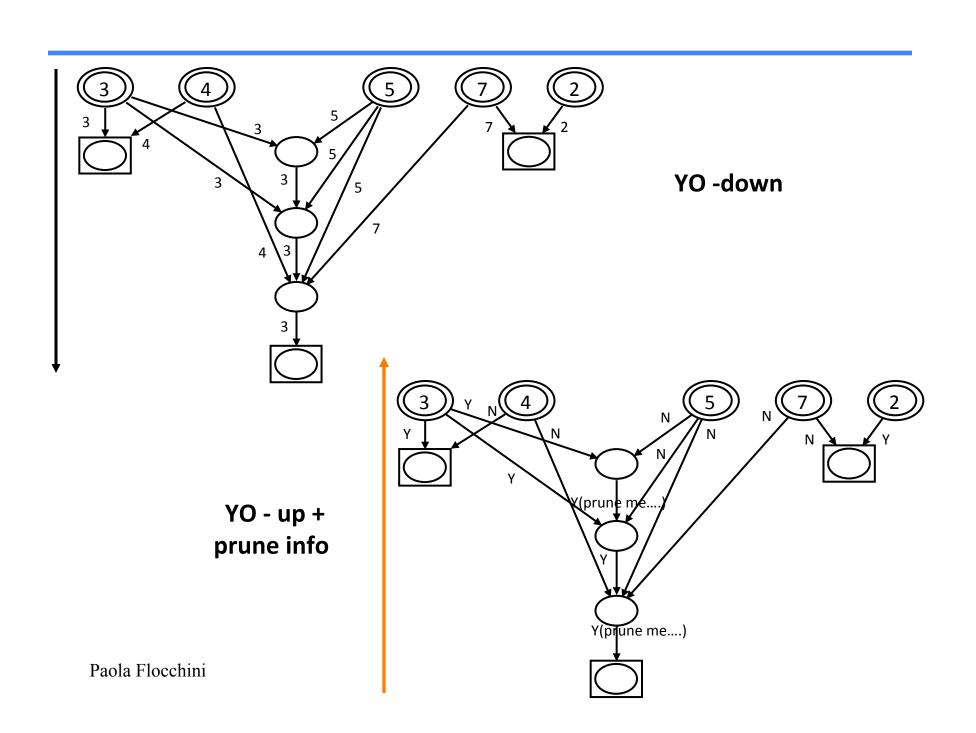


YO -down

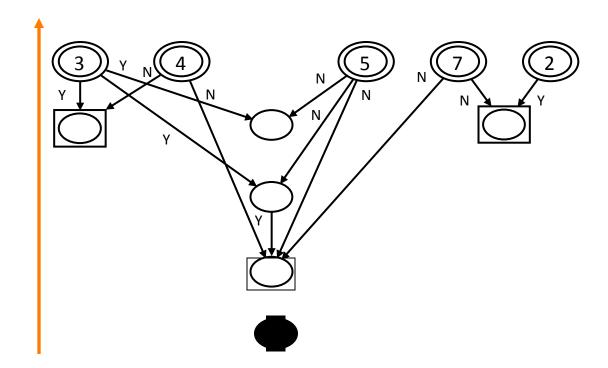


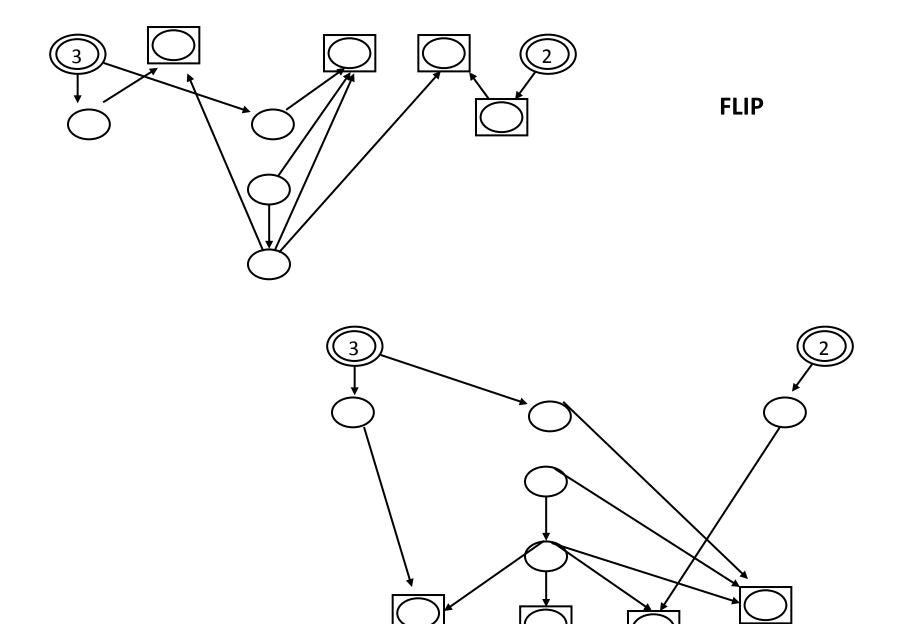
YO -down

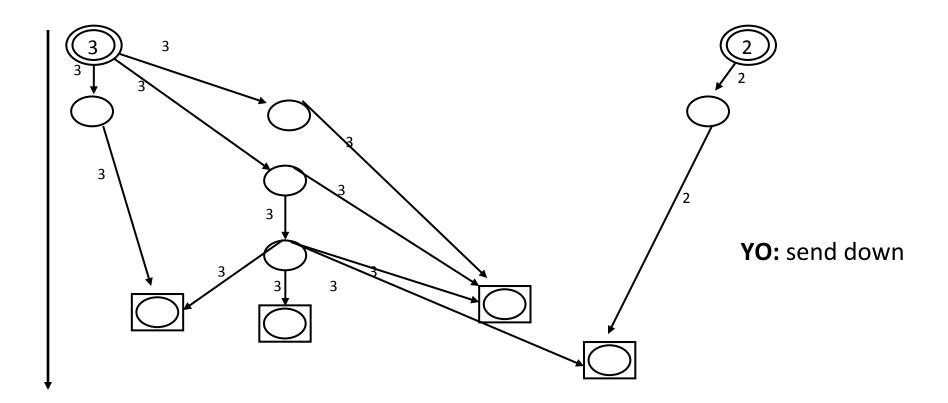
YO - up + prune info

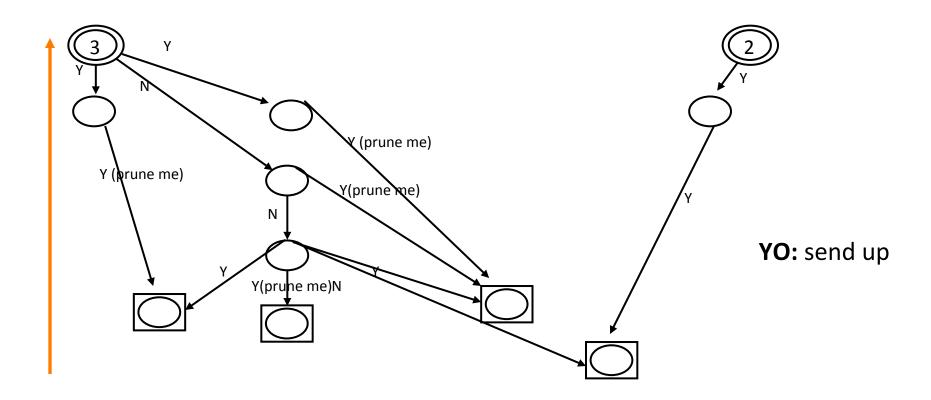


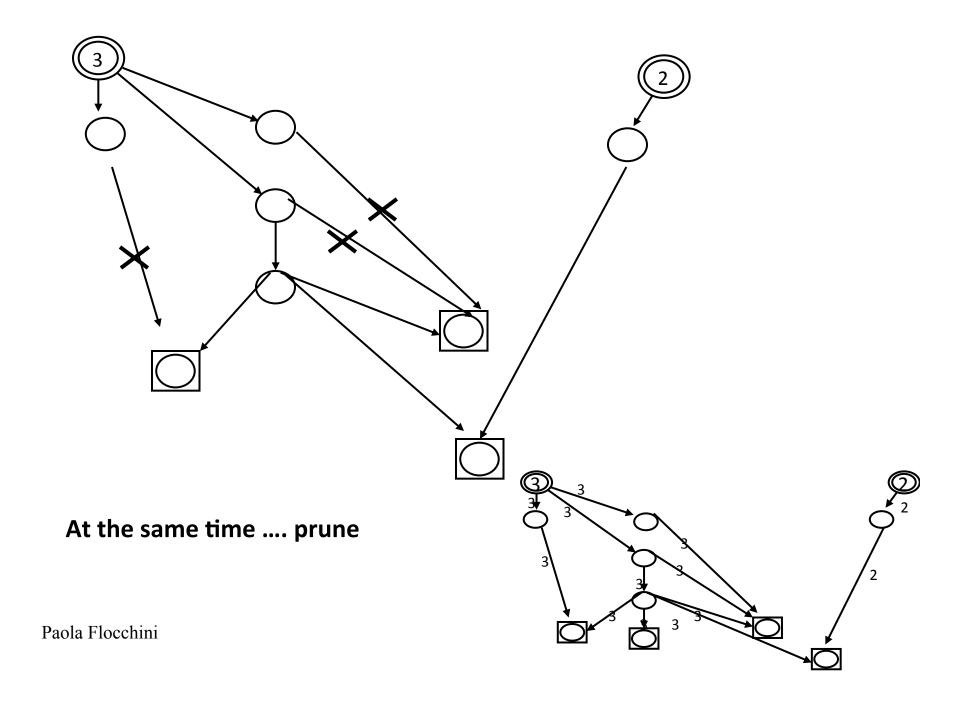
At the same time prune

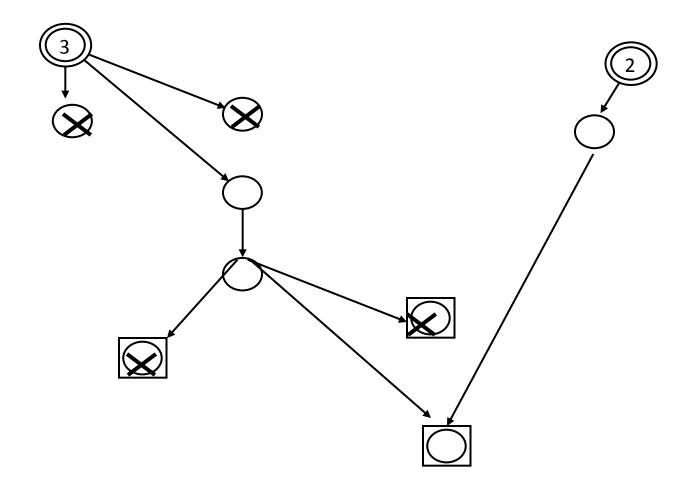




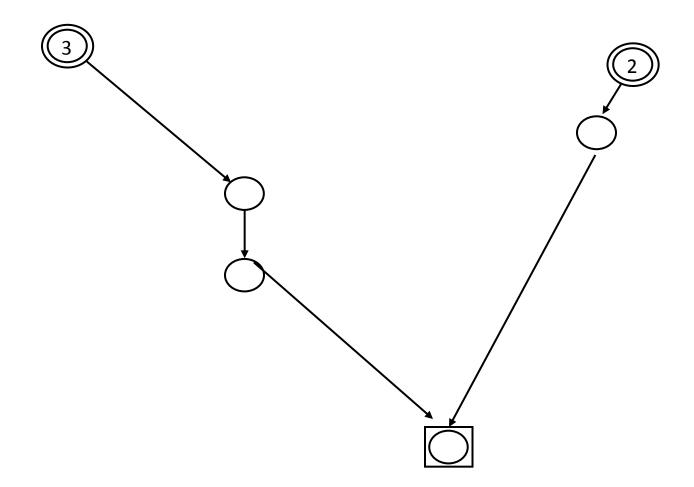


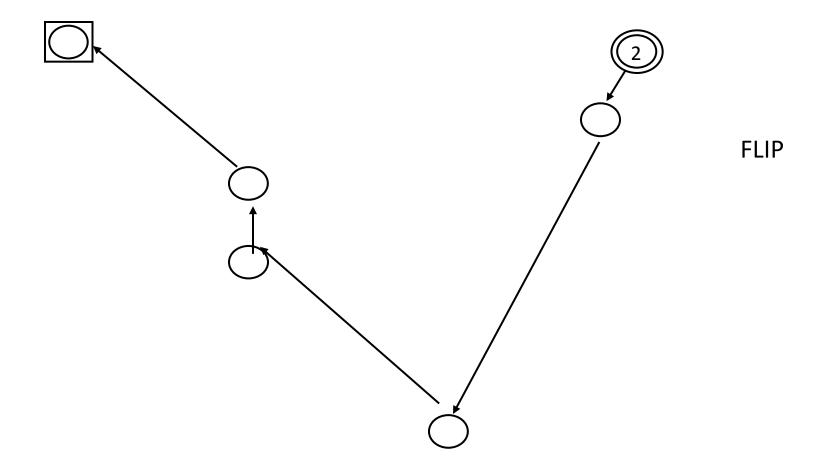


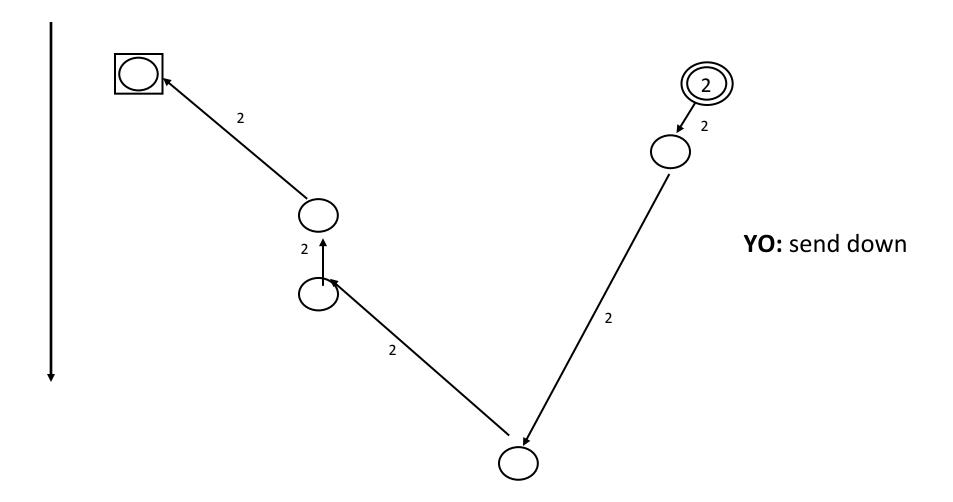


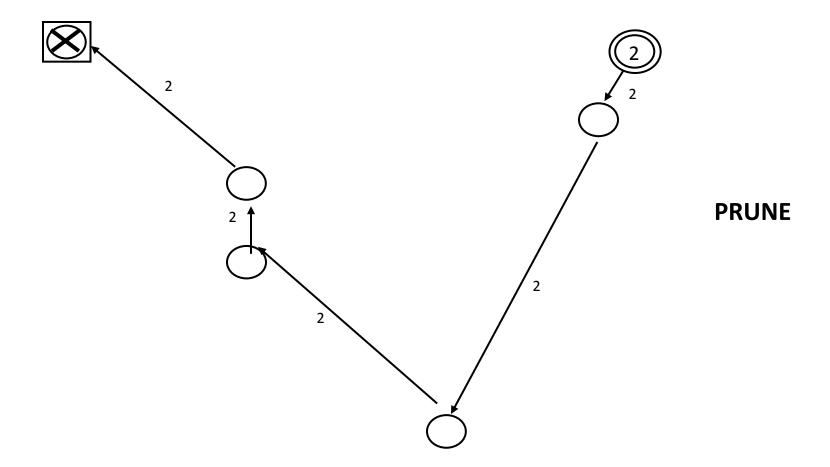


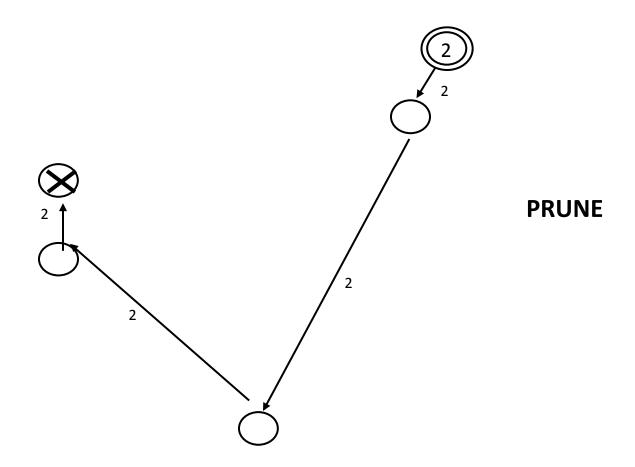
... More pruning

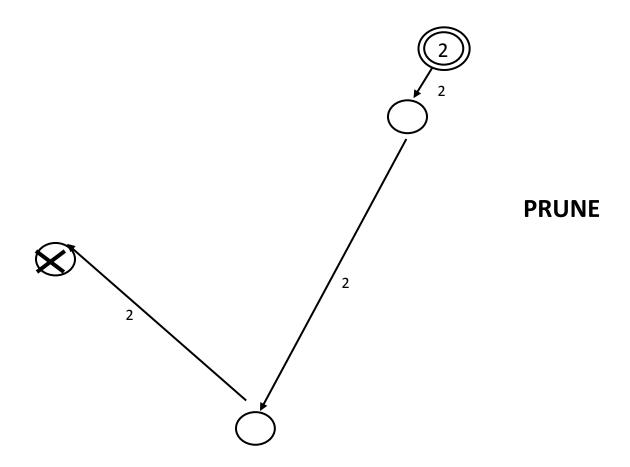


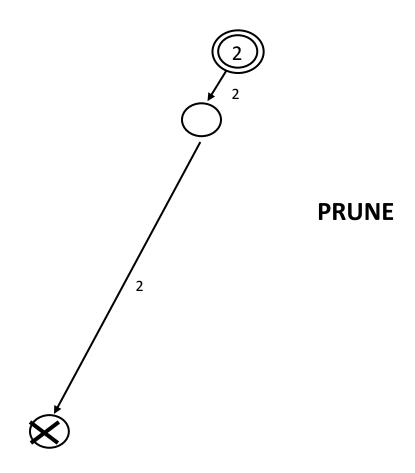


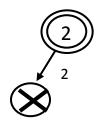








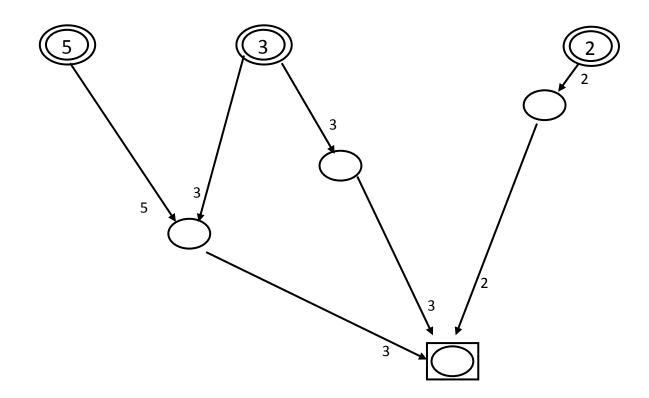


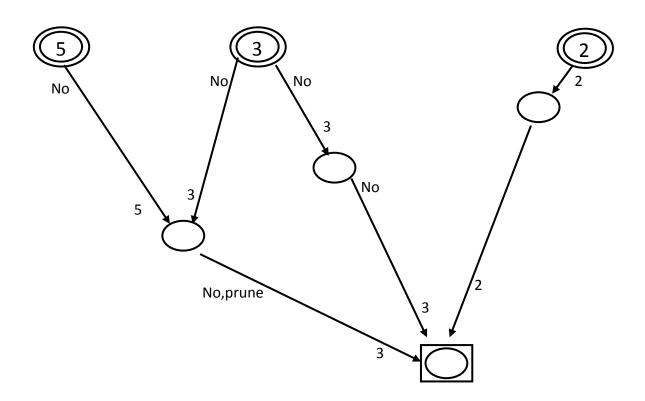


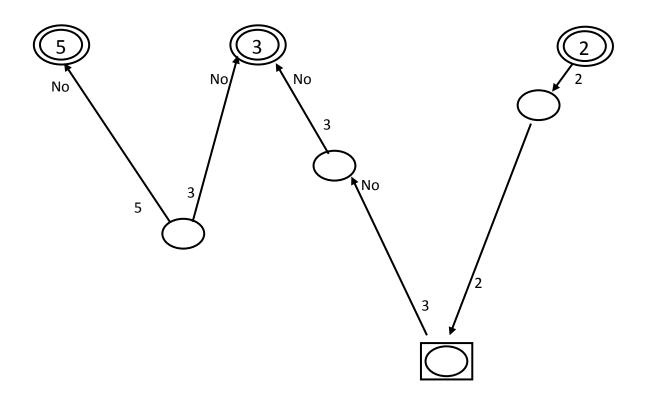
PRUNE

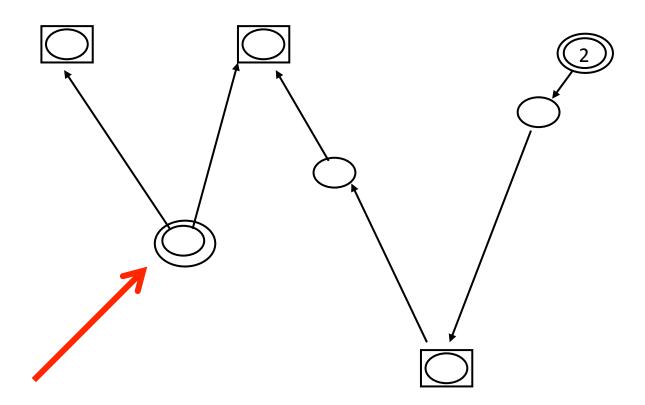


PRUNE

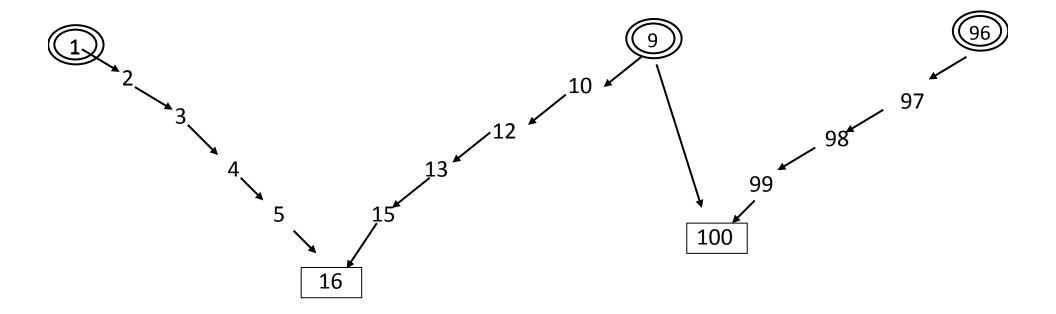


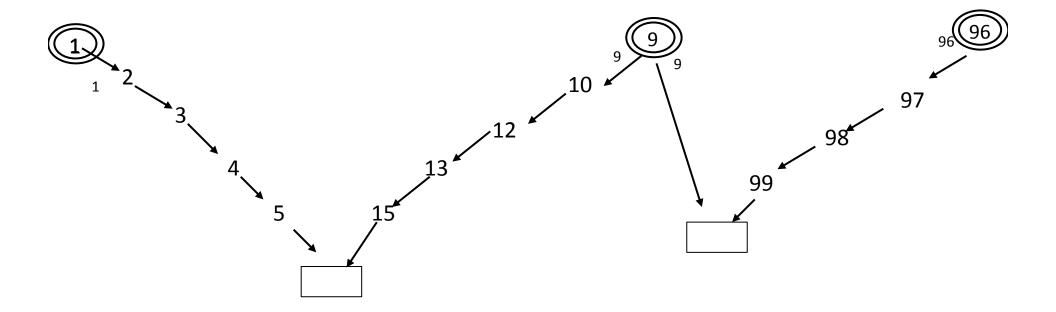


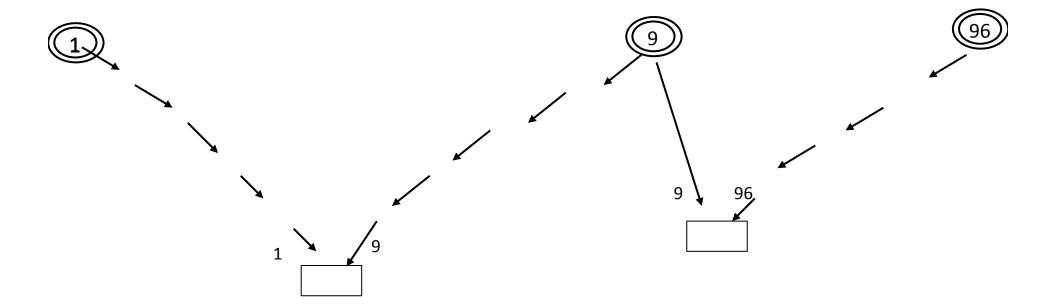


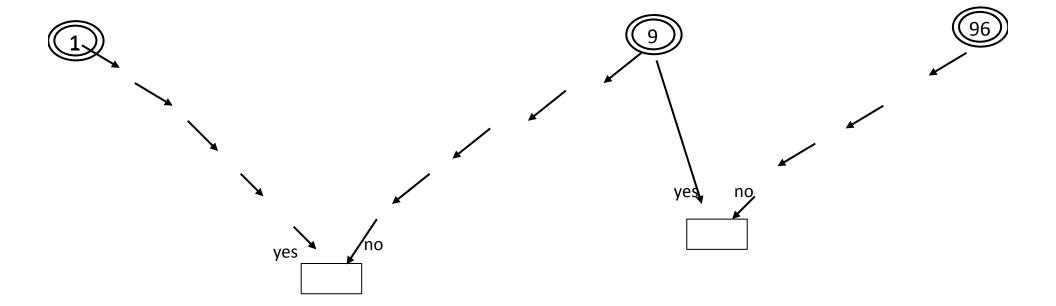


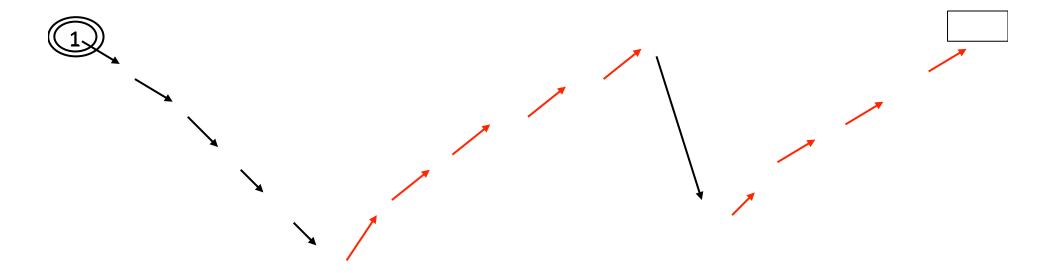
1 2 3 4 5 16 15 13 12 10 9 100 99 98 97 96

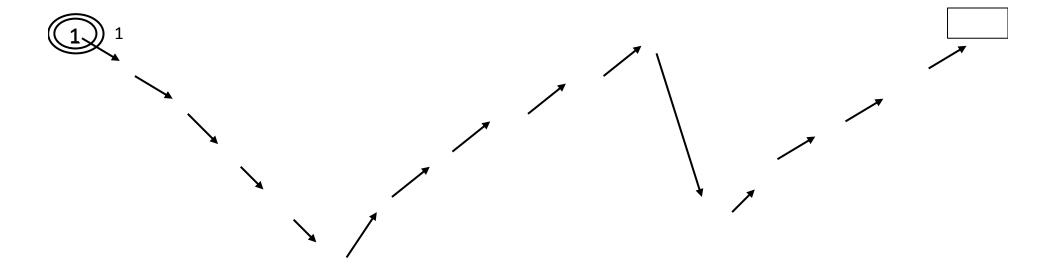


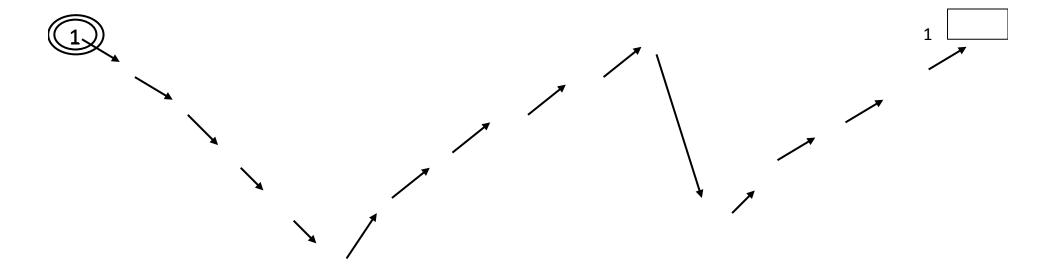


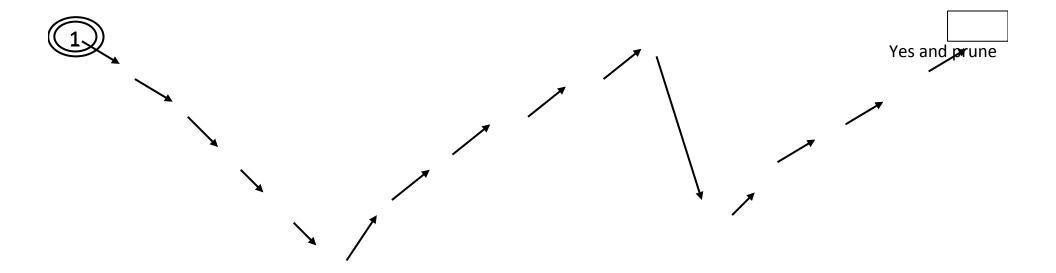






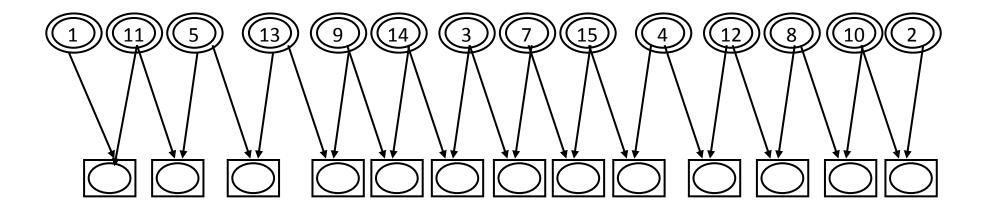




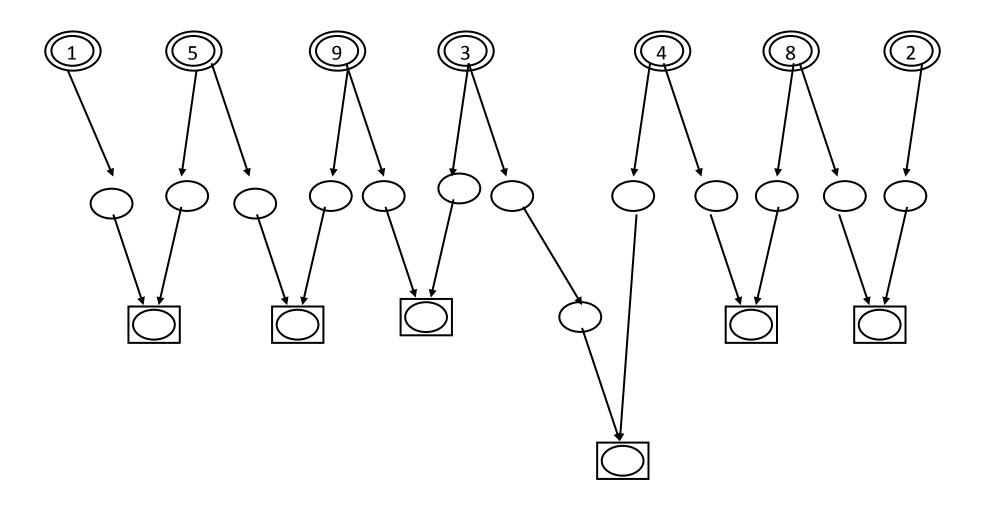




Worst case?



Worst case?



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Complexity

Without Considering Pruning

There are 2 messages for each link at each phase

- The number of phases is: log(# sources)

$$(s = # sources)$$

With Pruning: ?

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