

1. Prove that the following language is not regular:

DOUBLE = {the set of all repeated strings, that is, all words of the form  $SS$  where  $S$  is any string of  $a$ 's and  $b$ 's} = {  $aa, bb, aaaa, abab, baba, aaaaaa, aabaab, abaaba, abbabb, \dots$  }.

2. Prove that the following language is not regular:

Equal-sum = {  $a^m b^n a^p b^q$  where  $m+n = p+q$  }.

3. Exercise # 3, 6(i) page 204

Define the language SQUARE as follows:

SQUARE = {  $a, aaaa, aaaaaaaaa, \dots$  } = {  $a^n$ , where  $n = k^2$  is a square of an integer }.

Use pumping lemma to show that SQUARE is nonregular.

4. Exercise # 18 page 221

Construct a decision procedure to determine whether a given FA accepts at least one word that starts with an  $a$ .

5. Exercise # 11 page 256

Write a CFG to generate the language MOREA of all strings that have more  $a$ 's than  $b$ 's.

MOREA = {  $a, aa, aab, aba, baa, aaaa, aaab, aabab, \dots$  }.

6. Exercise # 17 page 257

Show that the following CFGs that use  $\Lambda$  are ambiguous:

(i)  $S \rightarrow XAX$   
 $X \rightarrow aX \mid bX \mid \Lambda$

(ii)  $S \rightarrow aSX \mid \Lambda$   
 $X \rightarrow aX \mid a$

(iii)  $S \rightarrow aS \mid bS \mid aaS \mid \Lambda$

(iv) Find unambiguous CFGs that generate these languages.

(v) For each of these languages, find an unambiguous grammar that generates exactly the same language except for the word  $\Lambda$ . Do this by not employing the symbol  $\Lambda$  in the CFGs at all.