



eSERL

Feature Interaction Management in Parlay/OSA Using Composition Constraints and Configuration Rules

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Outline

1. Introduction
2. eSERL Language Enhancements
3. Validation Algorithms
4. Implementation + Case Study
5. Conclusion



Introduction

Trends

- Personalization
- Added-value through service composition

Next-generation Networks

- “Everything over IP”; IP Everywhere
- Enhanced Multimedia & Signaling Capabilities

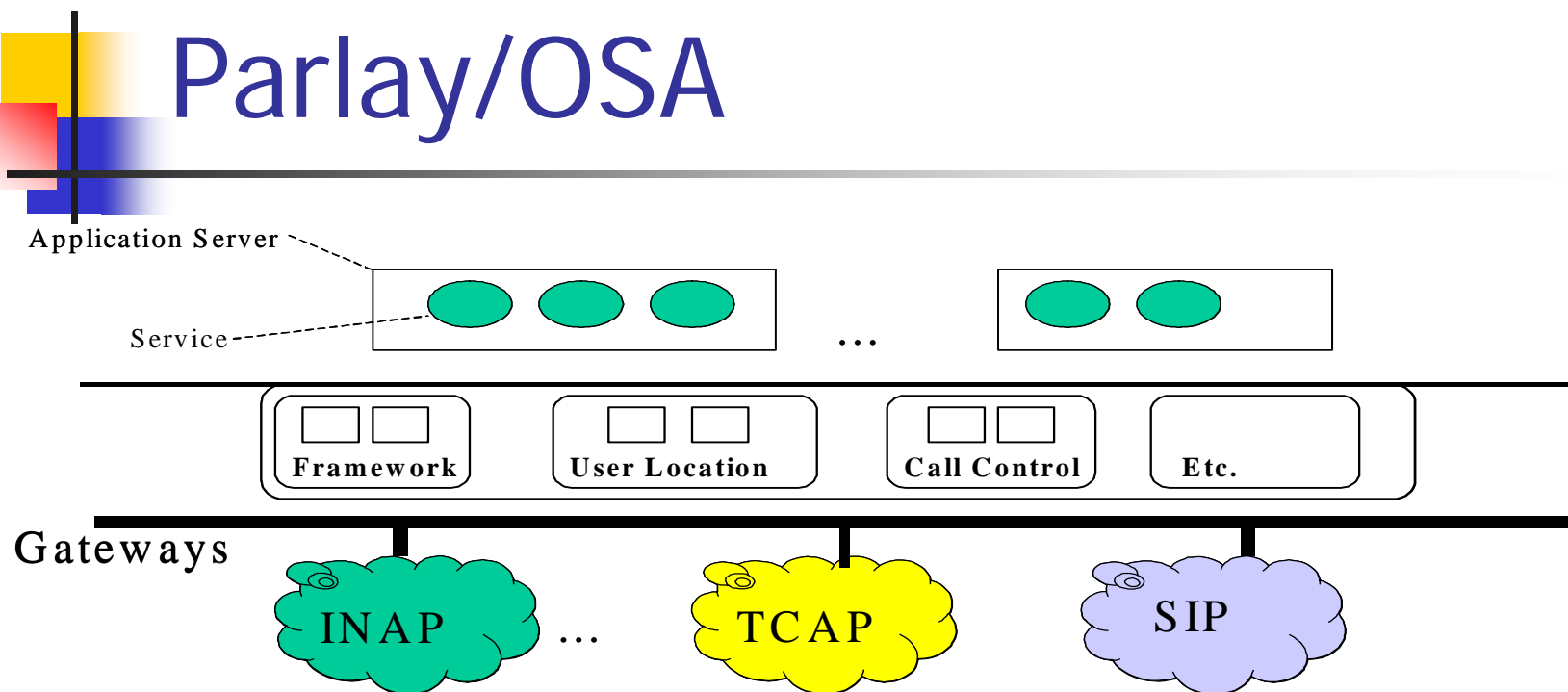
Parlay/OSA

- 3GPP API for secure, open access to NG Networks
- Technology-agnostic

SERL

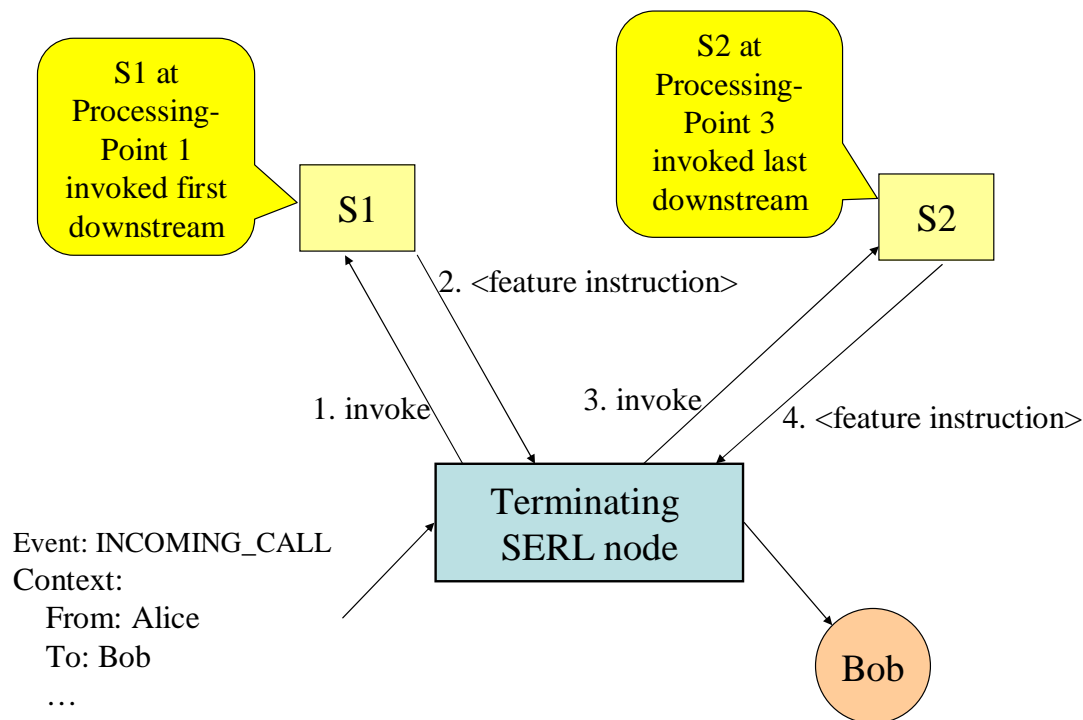
- Service Execution Rule Lang. & Framework
- No FI detection; Only application of resolutions

Parlay/OSA



- Open Service Access standard adopted by 3GPP
- Access to core networks through secure framework
- Not just Call Control, but Mobility, IM, more
- Technology-agnostic

SERL



Service Execution Rule Language

3 Internet Drafts in 2001 (Ericsson)

FIM intercepts events, matches & applies rules to trigger services

No FI detection or avoidance capabilities

No known implementations



eSERL: Enhanced SERL

- Language Extensions
 - Service Objects (named with I/O params)
 - Composition Constraints
 - Configuration Rules
- Feature Grouping Criteria
 - Distinguish between routing & screening



Composition Constraints

- SUSC context: 1 user, 1 app server
 - Service interactions are known/detected *a priori*
 - Use any detection techniques
- Experts define service composition and inter-working constraints
 - Explicit vs. implicit constraints
 - Mutex, Order, Data Inter-working



Configuration Rules

- End-user requirements for their service behavior
 - Expressed as condition-action rules
 - Conditions relate to events
 - Actions affect services, or events
- Backwards-compatible with SERL



Operational Context

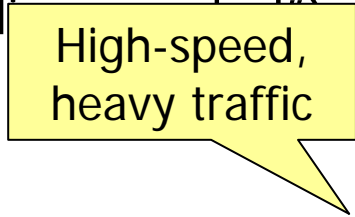
- Experts
 - Define constraints for all services in a system
- End-users
 - Write configurations to compose and personalize services
 - Deploy configurations
- System
 - Validates* configuration (offline tool)
 - Intercepts events, matches & applies rules (runtime Feature Interaction Manager*)



Abstract Example

Participants: Julie (the driver) and her car

```
If (INCOMING_CALL or OUTGOING_CALL) {  
  Invoke CS(screening party: car)  
  If (response from car: Julie is AVAILABLE) {  
    Invoke ID("warn that call may be dropped due to  
    }  
}  
If (Session.CallExists(Julie)) {  
  If (INCOMING_CALL from car and car says Julie is BUSY) {  
    Invoke ACB // which terminates call, re-establishes later  
  }  
}
```



High-speed,
heavy traffic



Abstract Example

Is this user-defined configuration “valid”?



Validation

- Check configurations against constraints
- Guaranteed behavior
 - To the degree with which the expert is confident with the completeness and consistency of constraints



Acceptable Compositions

- 'Acceptable' = All compositions except those in violation of constraints
- Completeness Assumption
 - Approaches a "complete-set"
- Consistency
 - Worst-case: no compositions allowed
- Approach depends on expert experience, tools, maintenance of rule-base



Detect Constraint Violations

- Simple: 1 rule, several actions
 - Order or mutex violation (composition)
 - I/O params set (data inter-working)
- Complex: n rules, >0 actions for each
 - Rules satisfied simultaneously by event? i.e. Do conditions overlap?
 - If overlap, then
 - compose the actions, and
 - check for violations as for simple case



Pair-wise Rule Comparison

For rule1, where rule1 is a Configuration Rule

For rule2, where rule2 is a Configuration Rule and not rule1

If rule1.condition and rule2.condition overlap then

If rule1.action composed with rule2.action is
not in set of acceptable compositions then

Configuration Rule Module is invalid



Rule Overlap

Calculating overlap

- Polynomial time solution, $O(n^k)$, if values for variables are discrete, finite, and ordered (D. Wang et al., IP firewall study)
- Parlay/OSA API methods, events meet criteria

Example 1: Overlap: Yes

C1 := {"my location is home"}

C2 := {"caller is bob@school.com"}

Example 2: Overlap: Maybe ... syntax vs. semantics

C1 := {"my location is school" AND "caller is alice@home.com"}

C2 := {"my location is office" AND "caller is sales@company.com"}

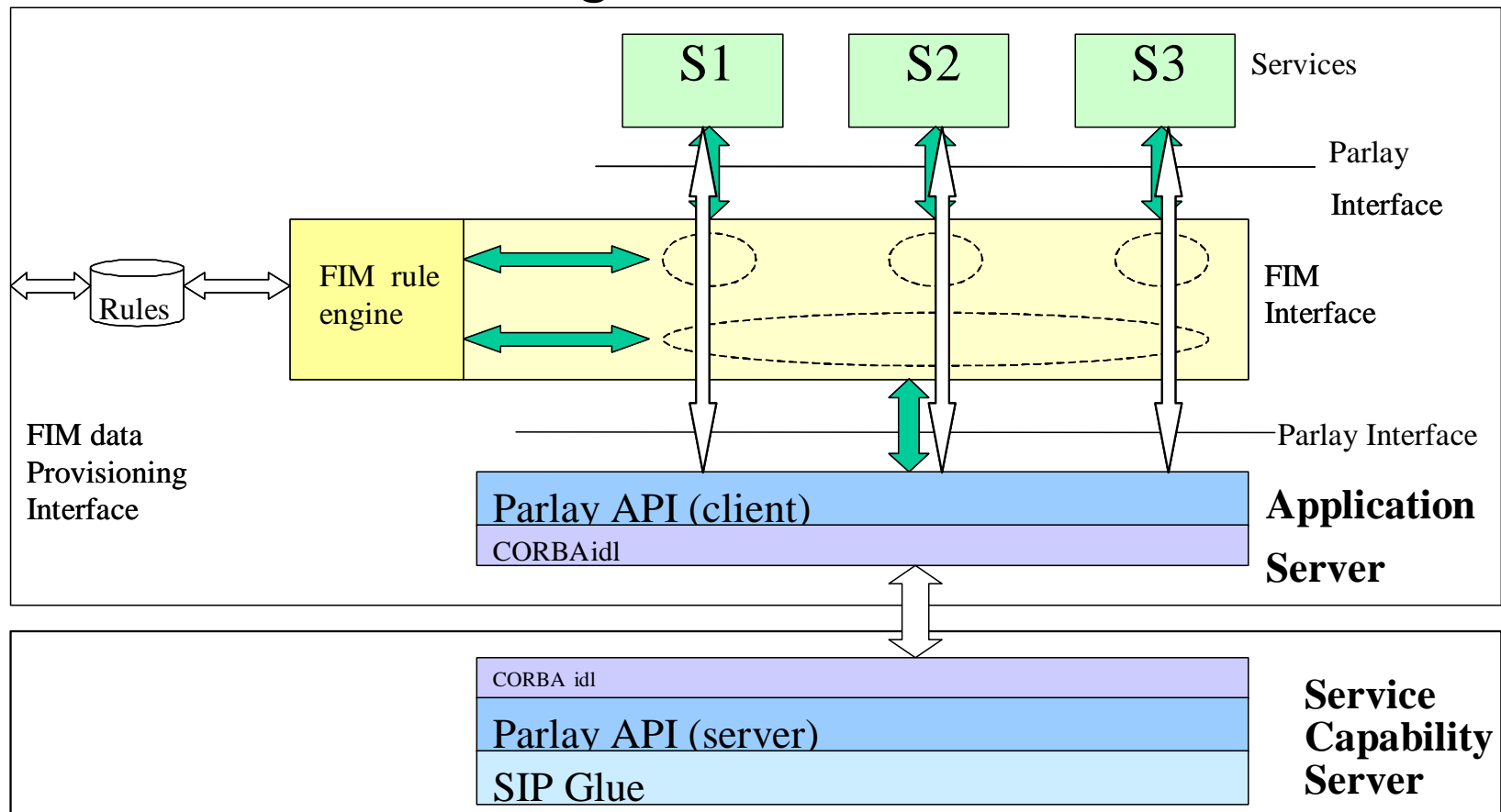


Rule-Action Composition

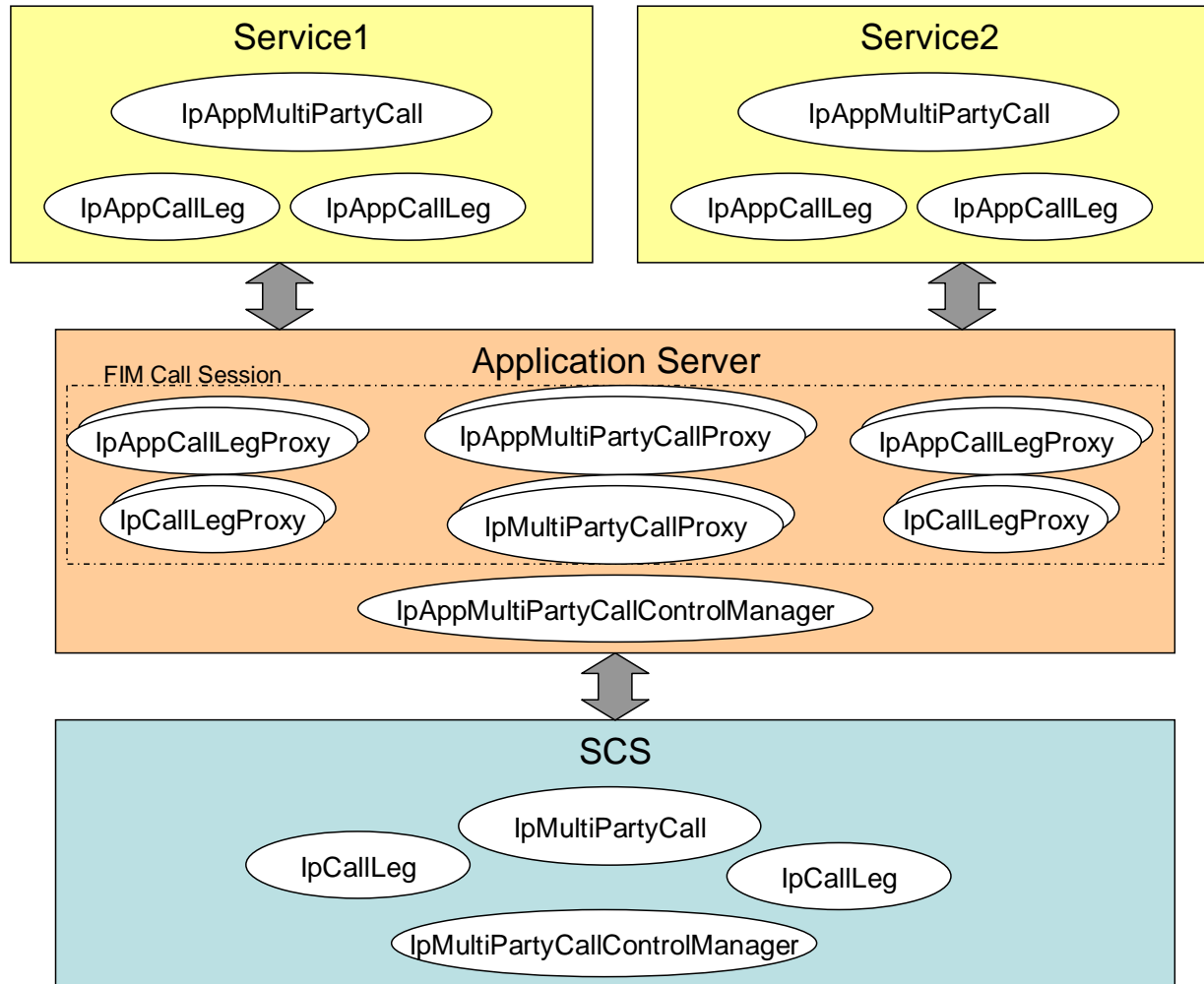
- Composing Actions, order is important
 - Compare Processing Points
 - Compare priorities of rule actions
- A single configuration may specify many compositions.
 - If one is invalid, the whole configuration is rejected.

Implementation

Positioning of a FIM in the architecture



Session & Proxy Objects (+ Event Translation)





Julie Jones and the Family Car

Incoming/Outgoing calls to/from driver - Julie Jones

- Screening by car (CS)
- If screening passed, warning (ID)

Call in-session

- Julie becomes BUSY, save & disconnect (ACB)

ACB waiting

- Julie becomes AVAILABLE, retry (ACB, [CS, ID])

Location too far from home

- Instant message to Mom (ID)



Results

- Hand-written rules in terms of Parlay/OSA events.
- Implemented tools to validate rules against the system constraints.
- Implemented test architecture, including FIM.



Contributions

- Generic framework for service personalization and composition while managing FI
- Guarantee, to a certain degree, on composed service behavior provided there are no constraint violations
- Design & implementation in Parlay/OSA context



Future Work

- Multiple users, Multiple Servers
- Activation Rules
- Non-monotonic extensions due to system constraint changes
- Framework for writing rules with 3rd party “theme-based” rule templates and wizards
- Composition Constraints = 3rd party services



Thank you.

- Questions ?