

# Appendix A

## Test Cases

In this chapter we reproduce the source files used as test cases in the usability experiment. The files come from many established, well-known open-source projects, giving us a broad variety of coding styles and changes:

- Test case 1 (Sections A.1 and A.2) comes from the Google Collections Library [24];
- Test case 2 (Sections A.3 and A.4) is from Sun's GlassFish Application Server [22]. For brevity's sake, the license header was removed.
- Test case 3 (Sections A.5 and A.6) comes from the Eclipse project [11];
- Test case 4 (Sections A.7 and A.8) is from Jython [31], a Java compiler and interpreter for the Python programming language;
- Test case 5 (Sections A.9 and A.10) comes from the Spring Framework [51];
- Test case 6 (Sections A.11 and A.12) is from JUnit [30], the testing framework.

The files were selected roughly at random to avoid bias. First, we looked for files from about 100 to 200 lines, then we went back into the file revision history until there were about seven to 30 individual changes, with varying degrees of complexity. While browsing the file history for changes, we used the reference tool only.

*For the complete source listing, please refer to the electronic version, on-line at:*

`http://www.site.uottawa.ca/~damyot/students/lanna/`

## A.1 1.old.java

```
1 /*
2  * Copyright (C) 2007 Google Inc.
3  *
4  * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
5  * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
6  * You may obtain a copy of the License at
7  *
8  * http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
9  *
10 * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
11 * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
12 * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or ←
    implied.
13 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
14 * limitations under the License.
15 */
16
17 package com.google.common.collect;
18
19 import com.google.common.base.Nullable;
20
21 import java.util.HashMap;
22 import java.util.Map;
23
24 /**
25  * A {@link BiMap} backed by two {@link HashMap} instances. This ←
    implementation
26  * allows null keys and values.
27  *
28  * @author Mike Bostock
29  */
30 public final class HashBiMap<K, V> extends StandardBiMap<K, V> {
31     /**
32      * Constructs a new empty bimap with the default initial capacity (16) ←
    and the
33      * default load factor (0.75).
34      */
35     public HashBiMap() {
36         super(new HashMap<K, V>(), new HashMap<V, K>());
37     }
38
39     /**
40      * Constructs a new empty bimap with the specified expected size and the
41      * default load factor (0.75).
42      *
43      * @param expectedSize the expected number of entries
```

```
44     * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the specified expected size is
45     *     negative
46     */
47     public HashBiMap(int expectedSize) {
48         super(new HashMap<K, V>(Maps.capacity(expectedSize)),
49             new HashMap<V, K>(Maps.capacity(expectedSize)));
50     }
51
52     /**
53     * Constructs a new empty bimap with the specified initial capacity ←
54     and load
55     * factor.
56     *
57     * @param initialCapacity the initial capacity
58     * @param loadFactor the load factor
59     * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the initial capacity is ←
60     negative or the
61     *     load factor is nonpositive
62     */
63     public HashBiMap(int initialCapacity, float loadFactor) {
64         super(new HashMap<K, V>(initialCapacity, loadFactor),
65             new HashMap<V, K>(initialCapacity, loadFactor));
66     }
67
68     /**
69     * Constructs a new bimap containing initial values from {@code map}. The
70     * bimap is created with the default load factor (0.75) and an initial
71     * capacity sufficient to hold the mappings in the specified map.
72     */
73     public HashBiMap(Map<? extends K, ? extends V> map) {
74         this(map.size());
75         putAll(map); // careful if we make this class non-final
76     }
77
78     // Override these two methods to show that keys and values may be null
79
80     @Override public V put(@Nullable K key, @Nullable V value) {
81         return super.put(key, value);
82     }
83
84     @Override public V forcePut(@Nullable K key, @Nullable V value) {
85         return super.forcePut(key, value);
86     }
87 }
```

## A.2 1.new.java

```
1 /*
2  * Copyright (C) 2007 Google Inc.
3  *
4  * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
5  * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
6  * You may obtain a copy of the License at
7  *
8  * http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
9  *
10 * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
11 * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
12 * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or ←
    implied.
13 * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
14 * limitations under the License.
15 */
16
17 package com.google.common.collect;
18
19 import com.google.common.base.Nullable;
20
21 import java.io.IOException;
22 import java.io.ObjectInputStream;
23 import java.io.ObjectOutputStream;
24 import java.util.HashMap;
25 import java.util.Map;
26
27 /**
28  * A {@link BiMap} backed by two {@link HashMap} instances. This ←
    implementation
29  * allows null keys and values. A {@code HashBiMap} and its inverse are ←
    both
30  * serializable.
31  *
32  * @author Mike Bostock
33  */
34 public final class HashBiMap<K, V> extends StandardBiMap<K, V> {
35     /**
36      * Constructs a new empty bimap with the default initial capacity (16).
37      */
38     public HashBiMap() {
39         super(new HashMap<K, V>(), new HashMap<V, K>());
40     }
41
42     /**
43      * Constructs a new empty bimap with the specified expected size.
```

```
44  *
45  * @param expectedSize the expected number of entries
46  * @throws IllegalArgumentException if the specified expected size is
47  *     negative
48  */
49  public HashBiMap(int expectedSize) {
50      super(new HashMap<K, V>(Maps.capacity(expectedSize)),
51            new HashMap<V, K>(Maps.capacity(expectedSize)));
52  }
53
54  /**
55   * Constructs a new bimap containing initial values from {@code map}. The
56   * bimap is created with an initial capacity sufficient to hold the ↵
57   mappings
58   * in the specified map.
59   */
60  public HashBiMap(Map<? extends K, ? extends V> map) {
61      this(map.size());
62      putAll(map); // careful if we make this class non-final
63  }
64  // Override these two methods to show that keys and values may be null
65
66  @Override public V put(@Nullable K key, @Nullable V value) {
67      return super.put(key, value);
68  }
69
70  @Override public V forcePut(@Nullable K key, @Nullable V value) {
71      return super.forcePut(key, value);
72  }
73
74  /**
75   * @serialData the number of entries, first key, first value, second key,
76   *     second value, and so on.
77   */
78  private void writeObject(ObjectOutputStream stream) throws IOException {
79      stream.defaultWriteObject();
80      Serialization.writeMap(this, stream);
81  }
82
83  private void readObject(ObjectInputStream stream)
84      throws IOException, ClassNotFoundException {
85      stream.defaultReadObject();
86      setDelegates(new HashMap<K, V>(), new HashMap<V, K>());
87      Serialization.populateMap(this, stream);
88  }
89  private static final long serialVersionUID = 0;
90 }
91 }
```

### A.3 2.old.java

```
1 import java.util.*;
2 import java.io.*;
3 import javax.mail.*;
4 import javax.mail.internet.*;
5 import javax.activation.*;
6
7 /**
8  * sendfile will create a multipart message with the second
9  * block of the message being the given file.<p>
10 *
11 * This demonstrates how to use the FileDataSource to send
12 * a file via mail.<p>
13 *
14 * usage: <code>java sendfile <i>to from smtp file true|false</i></code>
15 * where <i>to</i> and <i>from</i> are the destination and
16 * origin email addresses, respectively, and <i>smtp</i>
17 * is the hostname of the machine that has smtp server
18 * running. <i>file</i> is the file to send. The next parameter
19 * either turns on or turns off debugging during sending.
20 *
21 * @author Christopher Cotton
22 */
23 public class sendfile {
24
25     public static void main(String[] args) {
26         if (args.length != 5) {
27             System.out.println("usage: java sendfile <to> <from> <smtp> ←
28 <file> true|false");
29             System.exit(1);
30         }
31
32         String to = args[0];
33         String from = args[1];
34         String host = args[2];
35         String filename = args[3];
36         boolean debug = Boolean.valueOf(args[4]).booleanValue();
37         String msgText1 = "Sending a file.\n";
38         String subject = "Sending a file";
39
40         // create some properties and get the default Session
41         Properties props = System.getProperties();
42         props.put("mail.smtp.host", host);
43
44         Session session = Session.getInstance(props, null);
45         session.setDebug(debug);
```

```
46     try {
47         // create a message
48         MimeMessage msg = new MimeMessage(session);
49         msg.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));
50         InternetAddress[] address = {new InternetAddress(to)};
51         msg.setRecipients(Message.RecipientType.TO, address);
52         msg.setSubject(subject);
53
54         // create and fill the first message part
55         MimeBodyPart mbp1 = new MimeBodyPart();
56         mbp1.setText(msgText1);
57
58         // create the second message part
59         MimeBodyPart mbp2 = new MimeBodyPart();
60
61         // attach the file to the message
62         FileDataSource fds = new FileDataSource(filename);
63         mbp2.setDataHandler(new DataHandler(fds));
64         mbp2.setFileName(fds.getName());
65
66         // create the Multipart and add its parts to it
67         Multipart mp = new MimeMultipart();
68         mp.addBodyPart(mbp1);
69         mp.addBodyPart(mbp2);
70
71         // add the Multipart to the message
72         msg.setContent(mp);
73
74         // set the Date: header
75         msg.setSentDate(new Date());
76
77         // send the message
78         Transport.send(msg);
79
80     } catch (MessagingException mex) {
81         mex.printStackTrace();
82         Exception ex = null;
83         if ((ex = mex.getNextException()) != null) {
84             ex.printStackTrace();
85         }
86     }
87 }
88 }
```

## A.4 2.new.java

```
1 import java.util.*;
2 import java.io.*;
3 import javax.mail.*;
4 import javax.mail.internet.*;
5 import javax.activation.*;
6
7 /**
8  * sendfile will create a multipart message with the second
9  * block of the message being the given file.<p>
10 *
11 * This demonstrates how to use the FileDataSource to send
12 * a file via mail.<p>
13 *
14 * usage: <code>java sendfile <i>to from smtp file true|false</i></code>
15 * where <i>to</i> and <i>from</i> are the destination and
16 * origin email addresses, respectively, and <i>smtp</i>
17 * is the hostname of the machine that has smtp server
18 * running. <i>file</i> is the file to send. The next parameter
19 * either turns on or turns off debugging during sending.
20 *
21 * @author Christopher Cotton
22 */
23 public class sendfile {
24
25     public static void main(String[] args) {
26         if (args.length != 5) {
27             System.out.println("usage: java sendfile <to> <from> <smtp> ←
28 <file> true|false");
29             System.exit(1);
30         }
31
32         String to = args[0];
33         String from = args[1];
34         String host = args[2];
35         String filename = args[3];
36         boolean debug = Boolean.valueOf(args[4]).booleanValue();
37         String msgText1 = "Sending a file.\n";
38         String subject = "Sending a file";
39
40         // create some properties and get the default Session
41         Properties props = System.getProperties();
42         props.put("mail.smtp.host", host);
43
44         Session session = Session.getInstance(props, null);
45         session.setDebug(debug);
```



```
46     try {
47         // create a message
48         MimeMessage msg = new MimeMessage(session);
49         msg.setFrom(new InternetAddress(from));
50         InternetAddress[] address = {new InternetAddress(to)};
51         msg.setRecipients(Message.RecipientType.TO, address);
52         msg.setSubject(subject);
53
54         // create and fill the first message part
55         MimeBodyPart mbp1 = new MimeBodyPart();
56         mbp1.setText(msgText1);
57
58         // create the second message part
59         MimeBodyPart mbp2 = new MimeBodyPart();
60
61         // attach the file to the message
62         mbp2.attachFile(filename);
63
64         /*
65          * Use the following approach instead of the above line if
66          * you want to control the MIME type of the attached file.
67          * Normally you should never need to do this.
68          *
69          * FileDataSource fds = new FileDataSource(filename) {
70          * public String getContentType() {
71          *     return "application/octet-stream";
72          * }
73          * };
74          * mbp2.setDataHandler(new DataHandler(fds));
75          * mbp2.setFileName(fds.getName());
76          */
77
78         // create the Multipart and add its parts to it
79         Multipart mp = new MimeMultipart();
80         mp.addBodyPart(mbp1);
81         mp.addBodyPart(mbp2);
82
83         // add the Multipart to the message
84         msg.setContent(mp);
85
86         // set the Date: header
87         msg.setSentDate(new Date());
88
89         /*
90          * If you want to control the Content-Transfer-Encoding
91          * of the attached file, do the following. Normally you
92          * should never need to do this.
93          */
```

```
94     msg.saveChanges();
95     mbp2.setHeader("Content-Transfer-Encoding", "base64");
96     */
97
98     // send the message
99     Transport.send(msg);
100
101 } catch (MessagingException mex) {
102     mex.printStackTrace();
103     Exception ex = null;
104     if ((ex = mex.getNextException()) != null) {
105         ex.printStackTrace();
106     }
107 } catch (IOException ioex) {
108     ioex.printStackTrace();
109 }
110 }
111 }
```

## A.5 3.old.java

```
1  /*****↵
   *****
2  * Copyright (c) 2000, 2005 IBM Corporation and others.
3  * All rights reserved. This program and the accompanying materials
4  * are made available under the terms of the Eclipse Public License v1.0
5  * which accompanies this distribution, and is available at
6  * http://www.eclipse.org/legal/epl-v10.html
7  *
8  * Contributors:
9  *   IBM Corporation - initial API and implementation
10 *****↵
   *****/
11 package org.eclipse.jface.text;
12
13 import java.util.Iterator;
14
15 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.Annotation;
16 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.ISourceViewer;
17
18 /**
19  * Standard implementation of {@link org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextHover}.
20  * <p>
21  * XXX: This is work in progress and can change anytime until API for ↵
   3.2 is frozen.
22  * </p>
23  *
24  * @since 3.2
25  */
26 public class DefaultTextHover implements ITextHover {
27
28     /** This hover's source viewer */
29     private ISourceViewer fSourceViewer;
30
31     /**
32      * Creates a new annotation hover.
33      *
34      * @param sourceViewer this hover's annotation model
35      */
36     public DefaultTextHover(ISourceViewer sourceViewer) {
37         Assert.isNotNull(sourceViewer);
38         fSourceViewer= sourceViewer;
39     }
40
41     /**
42      * @see org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextHover#getHoverInfo(org.eclipse.↵
  .jface.text.ITextViewer, org.eclipse.jface.text.IRegion)
```

```
43     */
44     public String getHoverInfo(ITextViewer textViewer, IRegion hoverRegion) {
45
46         Iterator e= fSourceViewer.getAnnotationModel().getAnnotationIterator();
47         while (e.hasNext()) {
48             Annotation a= (Annotation) e.next();
49             if (isIncluded(a)) {
50                 Position p= fSourceViewer.getAnnotationModel().getPosition(a);
51                 if (p != null && p.overlapsWith(hoverRegion.getOffset(), hoverRegion.getLength())) {
52                     String msg= a.getText();
53                     if (msg != null && msg.trim().length() > 0)
54                         return msg;
55                 }
56             }
57         }
58
59         return null;
60     }
61
62     /*
63     * @see org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextHover#getHoverRegion(org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextViewer, int)
64     */
65     public IRegion getHoverRegion(ITextViewer textViewer, int offset) {
66         return findWord(textViewer.getDocument(), offset);
67     }
68
69     /**
70     * Tells whether the annotation should be included in
71     * the computation.
72     *
73     * @param annotation the annotation to test
74     * @return <code>>true</code> if the annotation is included in the computation
75     */
76     protected boolean isIncluded(Annotation annotation) {
77         return true;
78     }
79
80     private IRegion findWord(IDocument document, int offset) {
81         int start= -1;
82         int end= -1;
83
84         try {
85
```

```
86         int pos= offset;
87         char c;
88
89         while (pos >= 0) {
90             c= document.getChar(pos);
91             if (!Character.isUnicodeIdentifierPart(c))
92                 break;
93             --pos;
94         }
95
96         start= pos;
97
98         pos= offset;
99         int length= document.getLength();
100
101         while (pos < length) {
102             c= document.getChar(pos);
103             if (!Character.isUnicodeIdentifierPart(c))
104                 break;
105             ++pos;
106         }
107
108         end= pos;
109
110     } catch (BadLocationException x) {
111     }
112
113     if (start > -1 && end > -1) {
114         if (start == offset && end == offset)
115             return new Region(offset, 0);
116         else if (start == offset)
117             return new Region(start, end - start);
118         else
119             return new Region(start + 1, end - start - 1);
120     }
121
122     return null;
123 }
124 }
```

## A.6 3.new.java

```
1  /*****←
   *****
2  * Copyright (c) 2005, 2008 IBM Corporation and others.
3  * All rights reserved. This program and the accompanying materials
4  * are made available under the terms of the Eclipse Public License v1.0
5  * which accompanies this distribution, and is available at
6  * http://www.eclipse.org/legal/epl-v10.html
7  *
8  * Contributors:
9  *   IBM Corporation - initial API and implementation
10 *****←
   *****/
11 package org.eclipse.jface.text;
12
13 import java.util.Iterator;
14
15 import org.eclipse.core.runtime.Assert;
16
17 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.Annotation;
18 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.IAnnotationModel;
19 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.ISourceViewer;
20 import org.eclipse.jface.text.source.ISourceViewerExtension2;
21
22 /**
23  * Standard implementation of {@link org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextHover}.
24  *
25  * @since 3.2
26  */
27 public class DefaultTextHover implements ITextHover {
28
29     /** This hover's source viewer */
30     private ISourceViewer fSourceViewer;
31
32     /**
33      * Creates a new annotation hover.
34      *
35      * @param sourceViewer this hover's annotation model
36      */
37     public DefaultTextHover(ISourceViewer sourceViewer) {
38         Assert.isNotNull(sourceViewer);
39         fSourceViewer= sourceViewer;
40     }
41
42     /**
43      * {@inheritDoc}
44      */

```

```

45     * @deprecated As of 3.4, replaced by {@link ITextHoverExtension2#↵
getHoverInfo2(ITextViewer, IRegion)}
46     */
47     public String getHoverInfo(ITextViewer textViewer, IRegion ↵
hoverRegion) {
48         IAnnotationModel model= getAnnotationModel(fSourceViewer);
49         if (model == null)
50             return null;
51
52         Iterator e= model.getAnnotationIterator();
53         while (e.hasNext()) {
54             Annotation a= (Annotation) e.next();
55             if (isIncluded(a)) {
56                 Position p= model.getPosition(a);
57                 if (p != null && p.overlapsWith(hoverRegion.getOffset(), ↵
hoverRegion.getLength())) {
58                     String msg= a.getText();
59                     if (msg != null && msg.trim().length() > 0)
60                         return msg;
61                 }
62             }
63         }
64
65         return null;
66     }
67
68     /*
69     * @see org.eclipse.jface.text.ITextHover#getHoverRegion(org.eclipse.↵
jface.text.ITextViewer, int)
70     */
71     public IRegion getHoverRegion(ITextViewer textViewer, int offset) {
72         return findWord(textViewer.getDocument(), offset);
73     }
74
75     /**
76     * Tells whether the annotation should be included in
77     * the computation.
78     *
79     * @param annotation the annotation to test
80     * @return <code>>true</code> if the annotation is included in the ↵
computation
81     */
82     protected boolean isIncluded(Annotation annotation) {
83         return true;
84     }
85
86     private IAnnotationModel getAnnotationModel(ISourceViewer viewer) {
87         if (viewer instanceof ISourceViewerExtension2) {

```

```
88         ISourceViewerExtension2 extension= (ISourceViewerExtension2) ←
viewer;
89         return extension.getVisualAnnotationModel();
90     }
91     return viewer.getAnnotationModel();
92 }
93
94 private IRegion findWord(IDocument document, int offset) {
95     int start= -2;
96     int end= -1;
97
98     try {
99
100         int pos= offset;
101         char c;
102
103         while (pos >= 0) {
104             c= document.getChar(pos);
105             if (!Character.isUnicodeIdentifierPart(c))
106                 break;
107             --pos;
108         }
109
110         start= pos;
111
112         pos= offset;
113         int length= document.getLength();
114
115         while (pos < length) {
116             c= document.getChar(pos);
117             if (!Character.isUnicodeIdentifierPart(c))
118                 break;
119             ++pos;
120         }
121
122         end= pos;
123
124     } catch (BadLocationException x) {
125     }
126
127     if (start >= -1 && end > -1) {
128         if (start == offset && end == offset)
129             return new Region(offset, 0);
130         else if (start == offset)
131             return new Region(start, end - start);
132         else
133             return new Region(start + 1, end - start - 1);
134     }
```



```
135
136     return null;
137 }
138 }
```

## A.7 4.old.java

```
1 // Copyright (c) Corporation for National Research Initiatives
2 package org.python.core;
3
4 import java.security.SecureClassLoader;
5 import java.util.ArrayList;
6 import java.util.List;
7 import java.util.Vector;
8
9 /**
10  * Utility class for loading of compiled python modules and java ←
11  * classes defined in python modules.
12  */
13 public class BytecodeLoader {
14     /**
15      * Turn the java byte code in data into a java class.
16      *
17      * @param name
18      *         the name of the class
19      * @param data
20      *         the java byte code.
21      * @param referents
22      *         superclasses and interfaces that the new class will ←
23      *         reference.
24      */
25     public static Class makeClass(String name, byte[] data, Class... ←
26     referents) {
27         Loader loader = new Loader();
28         for (int i = 0; i < referents.length; i++) {
29             try {
30                 ClassLoader cur = referents[i].getClassLoader();
31                 if (cur != null) {
32                     loader.addParent(cur);
33                 }
34             } catch (SecurityException e) {}
35         }
36         return loader.loadClassFromBytes(name, data);
37     }
38     /**
39      * Turn the java byte code in data into a java class.
40      *
41      * @param name
42      *         the name of the class
43      * @param referents
44      *         superclasses and interfaces that the new class will ←
```

```
reference.
44     * @param data
45     *           the java byte code.
46     */
47     public static Class makeClass(String name, Vector<Class> referents, ↵
byte[] data) {
48         if (referents != null) {
49             return makeClass(name, data, referents.toArray(new Class[0]));
50         }
51         return makeClass(name, data);
52     }
53
54     /**
55     * Turn the java byte code for a compiled python module into a java ↵
class.
56     *
57     * @param name
58     *           the name of the class
59     * @param data
60     *           the java byte code.
61     */
62     public static PyCode makeCode(String name, byte[] data, String ↵
filename) {
63         try {
64             Class c = makeClass(name, data);
65             @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
66             Object o = c.getConstructor(new Class[] {String.class})
67                 .newInstance(new Object[] {filename});
68             return ((PyRunnable)o).getMain();
69         } catch (Exception e) {
70             throw Py.JavaError(e);
71         }
72     }
73
74     public static class Loader extends SecureClassLoader {
75
76         private List<ClassLoader> parents = new ArrayList<ClassLoader>();
77
78         public Loader() {
79             parents.add(imp.getSyspathJavaLoader());
80         }
81
82         public void addParent(ClassLoader referent) {
83             if (!parents.contains(referent)) {
84                 parents.add(0, referent);
85             }
86         }
87     }
```

```
88     protected Class<?> loadClass(String name, boolean resolve) ←
      throws ClassNotFoundException {
89         Class c = findLoadedClass(name);
90         if (c != null) {
91             return c;
92         }
93         for (ClassLoader loader : parents) {
94             try {
95                 return loader.loadClass(name);
96             } catch (ClassNotFoundException cnfe) {}
97         }
98         // couldn't find the .class file on sys.path
99         throw new ClassNotFoundException(name);
100     }
101
102     public Class loadClassFromBytes(String name, byte[] data) {
103         Class c = defineClass(name, data, 0, data.length, ←
      getClass().getProtectionDomain());
104         resolveClass(c);
105         Compiler.compileClass(c);
106         return c;
107     }
108 }
109 }
```

## A.8 4.new.java

```
1 // Copyright (c) Corporation for National Research Initiatives
2 package org.python.core;
3
4 import java.security.SecureClassLoader;
5 import java.util.List;
6
7 import org.python.objectweb.asm.ClassReader;
8 import org.python.util.Generic;
9
10 /**
11  * Utility class for loading of compiled python modules and java ←
12  * classes defined in python modules.
13  */
14 public class BytecodeLoader {
15     /**
16      * Turn the java byte code in data into a java class.
17      *
18      * @param name
19      *         the name of the class
20      * @param data
21      *         the java byte code.
22      * @param referents
23      *         superclasses and interfaces that the new class will ←
24      *         reference.
25      */
26     public static Class<?> makeClass(String name, byte[] data, ←
27     Class<?>... referents) {
28         Loader loader = new Loader();
29         for (Class<?> referent : referents) {
30             try {
31                 ClassLoader cur = referent.getClassLoader();
32                 if (cur != null) {
33                     loader.addParent(cur);
34                 }
35             } catch (SecurityException e) {}
36         }
37         return loader.loadClassFromBytes(name, data);
38     }
39     /**
40      * Turn the java byte code in data into a java class.
41      *
42      * @param name
43      *         the name of the class
44      * @param referents
```

```
44     *           superclasses and interfaces that the new class will ←
reference.
45     * @param data
46     *           the java byte code.
47     */
48     public static Class<?> makeClass(String name, List<Class<?>> ←
referents, byte[] data) {
49         if (referents != null) {
50             return makeClass(name, data, referents.toArray(new ←
Class[referents.size()]));
51         }
52         return makeClass(name, data);
53     }
54
55     /**
56     * Turn the java byte code for a compiled python module into a java ←
class.
57     *
58     * @param name
59     *           the name of the class
60     * @param data
61     *           the java byte code.
62     */
63     public static PyCode makeCode(String name, byte[] data, String ←
filename) {
64         try {
65             Class<?> c = makeClass(name, data);
66             Object o = c.getConstructor(new Class[] {String.class})
67                 .newInstance(new Object[] {filename});
68             return ((PyRunnable)o).getMain();
69         } catch (Exception e) {
70             throw Py.JavaError(e);
71         }
72     }
73
74     public static class Loader extends SecureClassLoader {
75
76         private List<ClassLoader> parents = Generic.list();
77
78         public Loader() {
79             parents.add(imp.getSyspathJavaLoader());
80         }
81
82         public void addParent(ClassLoader referent) {
83             if (!parents.contains(referent)) {
84                 parents.add(0, referent);
85             }
86         }
87     }
```

```
87
88     @Override
89     protected Class<?> loadClass(String name, boolean resolve) ↵
    throws ClassNotFoundException {
90         Class<?> c = findLoadedClass(name);
91         if (c != null) {
92             return c;
93         }
94         for (ClassLoader loader : parents) {
95             try {
96                 return loader.loadClass(name);
97             } catch (ClassNotFoundException cnfe) {}
98         }
99         // couldn't find the .class file on sys.path
100        throw new ClassNotFoundException(name);
101    }
102
103    public Class<?> loadClassFromBytes(String name, byte[] data) {
104        if (name.endsWith("$py")) {
105            try {
106                // Get the real class name: we might request a 'bar'
107                // Jython module that was compiled as 'foo.bar', or
108                // even 'baz.__init__' which is compiled as just 'baz'
109                ClassReader cr = new ClassReader(data);
110                name = cr.getClassName().replace('/', '.');
111            } catch (RuntimeException re) {
112                // Probably an invalid .class, fallback to the
113                // specified name
114            }
115        }
116        Class<?> c = defineClass(name, data, 0, data.length, ↵
    getClass().getProtectionDomain());
117        resolveClass(c);
118        Compiler.compileClass(c);
119        return c;
120    }
121 }
122 }
```

## A.9 5.old.java

```
1 package org.springframework.samples.imagedb;
2
3 import java.io.IOException;
4 import java.io.InputStream;
5 import java.io.OutputStream;
6 import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
7 import java.sql.ResultSet;
8 import java.sql.SQLException;
9 import java.util.List;
10
11 import org.springframework.dao.DataAccessException;
12 import org.springframework.dao.IncorrectResultSizeDataAccessException;
13 import org.springframework.jdbc.LobRetrievalFailureException;
14 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.RowMapper;
15 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.support.↵
    AbstractLobCreatingPreparedStatementCallback;
16 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.support.↵
    AbstractLobStreamingResultSetExtractor;
17 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.support.JdbcDaoSupport;
18 import org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobCreator;
19 import org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobHandler;
20 import org.springframework.util.FileCopyUtils;
21
22 /**
23  * Default implementation of the central image database business ↵
    interface.
24  *
25  * <p>Uses JDBC with a LobHandler to retrieve and store image data.
26  * Illustrates direct use of the jdbc.core package, i.e. JdbcTemplate,
27  * rather than operation objects from the jdbc.object package.
28  *
29  * @author Juergen Hoeller
30  * @since 07.01.2004
31  * @see org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate
32  * @see org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobHandler
33  */
34 public class DefaultImageDatabase extends JdbcDaoSupport implements ↵
    ImageDatabase {
35
36     private LobHandler lobHandler;
37
38     /**
39      * Set the LobHandler to use for BLOB/CLOB access.
40      * Could use a DefaultLobHandler instance as default,
41      * but relies on a specified LobHandler here.
42      * @see org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.DefaultLobHandler
```



```
43     */
44     public void setLobHandler(LobHandler lobHandler) {
45         this.lobHandler = lobHandler;
46     }
47
48     public List getImages() throws DataAccessException {
49         return getJdbcTemplate().query(
50             "SELECT image_name, description FROM imagedb",
51             new RowMapper() {
52                 public Object mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rowNum) throws ↵
53                 SQLException {
54                     String name = rs.getString(1);
55                     String description = lobHandler.getClobAsString(rs, 2);
56                     return new ImageDescriptor(name, description);
57                 }
58             });
59
60     public void streamImage(final String name, final OutputStream ↵
61     contentStream) throws DataAccessException {
62         getJdbcTemplate().query(
63             "SELECT content FROM imagedb WHERE image_name=?", new ↵
64     Object[] {name},
65             new AbstractLobStreamingResultSetExtractor() {
66                 protected void handleNoRowFound() throws ↵
67                 LobRetrievalFailureException {
68                     throw new IncorrectResultSizeDataAccessException(
69                         "Image with name '" + name + "' not found in ↵
70                 database", 1, 0);
71                 }
72                 public void streamData(ResultSet rs) throws ↵
73                 SQLException, IOException {
74                     InputStream is = lobHandler.getBlobAsBinaryStream(rs, ↵
75                 1);
76                     if (is != null) {
77                         FileCopyUtils.copy(is, contentStream);
78                     }
79                 }
80             });
81
82     public void storeImage(
83         final String name, final InputStream contentStream, final int ↵
84     contentLength, final String description)
85         throws DataAccessException {
86         getJdbcTemplate().execute(
87             "INSERT INTO imagedb (image_name, content, description) ↵
```

```
VALUES (?, ?, ?)",
83     new AbstractLobCreatingPreparedStatementCallback(this.↵
lobHandler) {
84         protected void setValues(PreparedStatement ps, ↵
LobCreator lobCreator) throws SQLException {
85             ps.setString(1, name);
86             lobCreator.setBlobAsBinaryStream(ps, 2, ↵
contentStream, contentLength);
87             lobCreator.setClobAsString(ps, 3, description);
88         }
89     }
90 );
91 }
92
93 public void checkImages() {
94     // could implement consistency check here
95     logger.info("Checking images: not implemented but invoked by ↵
scheduling");
96 }
97
98 public void clearDatabase() throws DataAccessException {
99     getJdbcTemplate().update("DELETE FROM imagedb");
100 }
101
102 }
```

## A.10 5.new.java

```
1 package org.springframework.samples.imagedb;
2
3 import java.io.IOException;
4 import java.io.InputStream;
5 import java.io.OutputStream;
6 import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
7 import java.sql.ResultSet;
8 import java.sql.SQLException;
9 import java.util.List;
10
11 import org.springframework.dao.DataAccessException;
12 import org.springframework.dao.EmptyResultDataAccessException;
13 import org.springframework.jdbc.LobRetrievalFailureException;
14 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.simple.ParameterizedRowMapper;
15 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.simple.SimpleJdbcDaoSupport;
16 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.support.↵
    AbstractLobCreatingPreparedStatementCallback;
17 import org.springframework.jdbc.core.support.↵
    AbstractLobStreamingResultSetExtractor;
18 import org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobCreator;
19 import org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobHandler;
20 import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
21 import org.springframework.util.FileCopyUtils;
22
23 /**
24  * Default implementation of the central image database business ↵
    interface.
25  *
26  * <p>Uses JDBC with a LobHandler to retrieve and store image data.
27  * Illustrates direct use of the <code>jdbc.core</code> package,
28  * i.e. JdbcTemplate, rather than operation objects from the
29  * <code>jdbc.object</code> package.
30  *
31  * @author Juergen Hoeller
32  * @since 07.01.2004
33  * @see org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate
34  * @see org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.LobHandler
35  */
36 public class DefaultImageDatabase extends SimpleJdbcDaoSupport ↵
    implements ImageDatabase {
37
38     private LobHandler lobHandler;
39
40     /**
41      * Set the LobHandler to use for BLOB/CLOB access.
42      * Could use a DefaultLobHandler instance as default,
```

```
43     * but relies on a specified LobHandler here.
44     * @see org.springframework.jdbc.support.lob.DefaultLobHandler
45     */
46     public void setLobHandler(LobHandler lobHandler) {
47         this.lobHandler = lobHandler;
48     }
49
50     @Transactional(readOnly=true)
51     public List<ImageDescriptor> getImages() throws DataAccessException {
52         return getSimpleJdbcTemplate().query(
53             "SELECT image_name, description FROM imagedb",
54             new ParameterizedRowMapper<ImageDescriptor>() {
55                 public ImageDescriptor mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rowNum) ←
56                 throws SQLException {
57                     String name = rs.getString(1);
58                     String description = lobHandler.getClobAsString(rs, 2);
59                     return new ImageDescriptor(name, description);
60                 }
61             });
62
63     @Transactional(readOnly=true)
64     public void streamImage(final String name, final OutputStream ←
65     contentStream) throws DataAccessException {
66         getJdbcTemplate().query(
67             "SELECT content FROM imagedb WHERE image_name=?", new ←
68     Object[] {name},
69             new AbstractLobStreamingResultSetExtractor() {
70                 protected void handleNoRowFound() throws ←
71     LobRetrievalFailureException {
72                 throw new EmptyResultDataAccessException(
73                     "Image with name '" + name + "' not found in ←
74     database", 1);
75             }
76             public void streamData(ResultSet rs) throws ←
77     SQLException, IOException {
78                 InputStream is = lobHandler.getBlobAsBinaryStream(rs, ←
79     1);
80                 if (is != null) {
81                     FileCopyUtils.copy(is, contentStream);
82                 }
83             }
84         );
85     }
86
87     @Transactional
88     public void storeImage(
```

```
84     final String name, final InputStream contentStream, final int ←
      contentLength, final String description)
85     throws DataAccessException {
86
87     getJdbcTemplate().execute(
88         "INSERT INTO imagedb (image_name, content, description) ←
VALUES (?, ?, ?)",
89         new AbstractLobCreatingPreparedStatementCallback(this.←
      lobHandler) {
90             protected void setValues(PreparedStatement ps, ←
      LobCreator lobCreator) throws SQLException {
91                 ps.setString(1, name);
92                 lobCreator.setBlobAsBinaryStream(ps, 2, ←
      contentStream, contentLength);
93                 lobCreator.setClobAsString(ps, 3, description);
94             }
95         }
96     );
97 }
98
99 public void checkImages() {
100     // Could implement consistency check here...
101     logger.info("Checking images: not implemented but invoked by ←
      scheduling");
102 }
103
104 @Transactional
105 public void clearDatabase() throws DataAccessException {
106     getJdbcTemplate().update("DELETE FROM imagedb");
107 }
108
109 }
```

## A.11 6.old.java

```
1 /**
2  *
3  */
4 package org.junit.experimental.theories;
5
6 import java.lang.reflect.Field;
7 import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;
8 import java.lang.reflect.Modifier;
9 import java.util.ArrayList;
10 import java.util.List;
11
12 import org.junit.Assume;
13 import org.junit.Assume.AssumptionViolatedException;
14 import org.junit.experimental.theories.PotentialAssignment.↵
    CouldNotGenerateValueException;
15 import org.junit.experimental.theories.internal.Assignments;
16 import org.junit.experimental.theories.internal.↵
    ParameterizedAssertionError;
17 import org.junit.internal.runners.InitializationError;
18 import org.junit.internal.runners.JUnit4ClassRunner;
19 import org.junit.internal.runners.links.Statement;
20 import org.junit.internal.runners.model.FrameworkMethod;
21
22 @SuppressWarnings("restriction")
23 public class Theories extends JUnit4ClassRunner {
24     public Theories(Class<?> klass) throws InitializationError {
25         super(klass);
26     }
27
28     @Override
29     protected void collectInitializationErrors(List<Throwable> errors) {
30         Field[] fields= getTestClass().getJavaClass().getDeclaredFields();
31
32         for (Field each : fields)
33             if (each.getAnnotation(DataPoint.class) != null && !Modifier.↵
                isStatic(each.getModifiers()))
34                 errors.add(new Error("DataPoint field " + each.getName() + ↵
                    " must be static"));
35     }
36
37     @Override
38     protected List<FrameworkMethod> computeTestMethods() {
39         List<FrameworkMethod> testMethods= super.computeTestMethods();
40         List<FrameworkMethod> theoryMethods= getTestClass().↵
            getAnnotatedMethods(Theory.class);
41         testMethods.removeAll(theoryMethods);
```

```
42     testMethods.addAll(theoryMethods);
43     return testMethods;
44 }
45
46 @Override
47 public Statement childBlock(final FrameworkMethod method) {
48     return new TheoryAnchor(method);
49 }
50
51 public class TheoryAnchor extends Statement {
52     private int successes= 0;
53
54     private FrameworkMethod fTestMethod;
55
56     private List<AssumptionViolatedException> fInvalidParameters= new ←
    ArrayList<AssumptionViolatedException>();
57
58     public TheoryAnchor(FrameworkMethod method) {
59         fTestMethod= method;
60     }
61
62     @Override
63     public void evaluate() throws Throwable {
64         runWithAssignment(Assignments.allUnassigned(
65             fTestMethod.getMethod(), getTestClass().getJavaClass()));
66
67         if (successes == 0)
68             Assume
69                 .fail("Never found parameters that satisfied method. ←
    Violated assumptions: "
70                     + fInvalidParameters);
71     }
72
73     protected void runWithAssignment(Assignments parameterAssignment)
74         throws Throwable {
75         if (!parameterAssignment.isComplete()) {
76             runWithIncompleteAssignment(parameterAssignment);
77         } else {
78             runWithCompleteAssignment(parameterAssignment);
79         }
80     }
81
82     protected void runWithIncompleteAssignment(Assignments incomplete)
83         throws InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException,
84         Throwable {
85         for (PotentialAssignment source : incomplete
86             .potentialsForNextUnassigned()) {
87             runWithAssignment(incomplete.assignNext(source));
```

```
88     }
89   }
90
91   protected void runWithCompleteAssignment(final Assignments complete)
92     throws InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException,
93     InvocationTargetException, NoSuchMethodException, Throwable {
94     new JUnit4ClassRunner(getTestClass().getJavaClass()) {
95       @Override
96       protected void collectInitializationErrors(
97         List<Throwable> errors) {
98         // do nothing
99       }
100
101       @Override
102       public Statement childBlock(FrameworkMethod method) {
103         final Statement statement= super.childBlock(method);
104         return new Statement() {
105           @Override
106           public void evaluate() throws Throwable {
107             try {
108               statement.evaluate();
109               handleDataPointSuccess();
110             } catch (AssumptionViolatedException e) {
111               handleAssumptionViolation(e);
112             } catch (Throwable e) {
113               reportParameterizedError(e, complete
114                 .getAllArguments(nullsOk()));
115             }
116           }
117
118         };
119       }
120
121       @Override
122       protected Statement invoke(FrameworkMethod method, Object ←
test) {
123         return methodCompletesWithParameters(method, complete, ←
test);
124       }
125
126       @Override
127       public Object createTest() throws Exception {
128         return getTestClass().getConstructor().newInstance(
129           complete.getConstructorArguments(nullsOk()));
130       }
131     }.childBlock(fTestMethod).evaluate();
132   }
133
```



```
134     private Statement methodCompletesWithParameters(  
135         final FrameworkMethod method, final Assignments complete, ↵  
136         final Object freshInstance) {  
137         return new Statement() {  
138             @Override  
139             public void evaluate() throws Throwable {  
140                 try {  
141                     final Object[] values= complete.getMethodArguments(  
142                         nullsOk());  
143                     method.invokeExplosively(freshInstance, values);  
144                 } catch (CouldNotGenerateValueException e) {  
145                     // ignore  
146                 }  
147             };  
148         }  
149  
150     protected void handleAssumptionViolation(↵  
151     AssumptionViolatedException e) {  
152         fInvalidParameters.add(e);  
153     }  
154     protected void reportParameterizedError(Throwable e, Object... ↵  
155     params)  
156         throws Throwable {  
157         if (params.length == 0)  
158             throw e;  
159         throw new ParameterizedAssertionError(e, fTestMethod.getName(),  
160             params);  
161     }  
162     private boolean nullsOk() {  
163         Theory annotation= fTestMethod.getMethod().getAnnotation(  
164             Theory.class);  
165         if (annotation == null)  
166             return false;  
167         return annotation.nullsAccepted();  
168     }  
169  
170     protected void handleDataPointSuccess() {  
171         successes++;  
172     }  
173 }  
174 }
```

## A.12 6.new.java

```
1 /**
2  *
3  */
4 package org.junit.experimental.theories;
5
6 import java.lang.reflect.Field;
7 import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;
8 import java.lang.reflect.Modifier;
9 import java.util.ArrayList;
10 import java.util.List;
11
12 import org.junit.Assert;
13 import org.junit.experimental.theories.PotentialAssignment.↵
    CouldNotGenerateValueException;
14 import org.junit.experimental.theories.internal.Assignments;
15 import org.junit.experimental.theories.internal.↵
    ParameterizedAssertionError;
16 import org.junit.internal.AssumptionViolatedException;
17 import org.junit.runners.BlockJUnit4ClassRunner;
18 import org.junit.runners.model.FrameworkMethod;
19 import org.junit.runners.model.InitializationError;
20 import org.junit.runners.model.Statement;
21
22 public class Theories extends BlockJUnit4ClassRunner {
23     public Theories(Class<?> klass) throws InitializationError {
24         super(klass);
25     }
26
27     @Override
28     protected void collectInitializationErrors(List<Throwable> errors) {
29         super.collectInitializationErrors(errors);
30         validateDataPointFields(errors);
31     }
32
33     private void validateDataPointFields(List<Throwable> errors) {
34         Field[] fields= getTestClass().getJavaClass().getDeclaredFields();
35
36         for (Field each : fields)
37             if (each.getAnnotation(DataPoint.class) != null && !Modifier.↵
                isStatic(each.getModifiers()))
38                 errors.add(new Error("DataPoint field " + each.getName() + ↵
                    " must be static"));
39     }
40
41     @Override
42     protected void validateZeroArgConstructor(List<Throwable> errors) {
```



```
88     protected void runWithAssignment(Assignments parameterAssignment)
89         throws Throwable {
90         if (!parameterAssignment.isComplete()) {
91             runWithIncompleteAssignment(parameterAssignment);
92         } else {
93             runWithCompleteAssignment(parameterAssignment);
94         }
95     }
96
97     protected void runWithIncompleteAssignment(Assignments incomplete)
98         throws InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException,
99         Throwable {
100        for (PotentialAssignment source : incomplete
101            .potentialsForNextUnassigned()) {
102            runWithAssignment(incomplete.assignNext(source));
103        }
104    }
105
106    protected void runWithCompleteAssignment(final Assignments complete)
107        throws InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException,
108        InvocationTargetException, NoSuchMethodException, Throwable {
109        new BlockJUnit4ClassRunner(getTestClass().getJavaClass()) {
110            @Override
111            protected void collectInitializationErrors(
112                List<Throwable> errors) {
113                // do nothing
114            }
115
116            @Override
117            public Statement methodBlock(FrameworkMethod method) {
118                final Statement statement= super.methodBlock(method);
119                return new Statement() {
120                    @Override
121                    public void evaluate() throws Throwable {
122                        try {
123                            statement.evaluate();
124                            handleDataPointSuccess();
125                        } catch (AssumptionViolatedException e) {
126                            handleAssumptionViolation(e);
127                        } catch (Throwable e) {
128                            reportParameterizedError(e, complete
129                                .getArgumentStrings(nullsOk()));
130                        }
131                    }
132                };
133            }
134        }
135    }
```

```
136         @Override
137         protected Statement methodInvoker(FrameworkMethod method, ↵
Object test) {
138             return methodCompletesWithParameters(method, complete, ↵
test);
139         }
140
141         @Override
142         public Object createTest() throws Exception {
143             return getTestClass().getOnlyConstructor().newInstance(
144                 complete.getConstructorArguments(nullsOk()));
145         }
146     }.methodBlock(fTestMethod).evaluate();
147 }
148
149     private Statement methodCompletesWithParameters(
150         final FrameworkMethod method, final Assignments complete, ↵
final Object freshInstance) {
151         return new Statement() {
152             @Override
153             public void evaluate() throws Throwable {
154                 try {
155                     final Object[] values= complete.getMethodArguments(
156                         nullsOk());
157                     method.invokeExplosively(freshInstance, values);
158                 } catch (CouldNotGenerateValueException e) {
159                     // ignore
160                 }
161             }
162         };
163     }
164
165     protected void handleAssumptionViolation(↵
AssumptionViolatedException e) {
166         fInvalidParameters.add(e);
167     }
168
169     protected void reportParameterizedError(Throwable e, Object... ↵
params)
170         throws Throwable {
171         if (params.length == 0)
172             throw e;
173         throw new ParameterizedAssertionError(e, fTestMethod.getName(),
174             params);
175     }
176
177     private boolean nullsOk() {
178         Theory annotation= fTestMethod.getMethod().getAnnotation(
```

```
179         Theory.class);
180     if (annotation == null)
181         return false;
182     return annotation.nullsAccepted();
183 }
184
185 protected void handleDataPointSuccess() {
186     successes++;
187 }
188 }
189 }
```